

5. C.H.H.Rao: Agricultural Production, costs and Returns in India.
6. D.S.Tyagi and G.S.Bhalla:Agricultural Development in India
7. Rudradutt and Sundram : Indian Economy (Latest Ed.) (Hindi and English)
8. Mishra & puri: Indian Economy (Latest Ed.) (Hindi and English).
9. NREGA - Govt. of India 2005.
10. Ashok Sharma- Bharat me Panchyati Raj.

## **Semester Third**

### **301: Theories of Development & Planning**

#### **Unit.1**

Perpetuation of Underdevelopment- Vicious Circle of Poverty, Circular Causation. State and Economic Development. Migration and Development. Unlimited Supply of Labour- Lewis, Fei and Ranis Theory.

#### **Unit.2**

Theories of Development- Classical, Marx and Schumpeter. Rostow's Growth Theory, Balanced and Unbalanced Growth, Big Push, Critical Minimum Effort and Low Level Equilibrium.

#### **Unit.3**

Growth Models- Harrod-Domar Model (Capital Expansion and Growth), Golden Age Model, Steady Growth Model, Solow Model, Production Function Model.

#### **Unit.4**

Development Planning- Meaning, Process of Plan Formulation, its Objective, Limitations. Optimization in Planning (Linear Programming), Input-Output Analysis, Shadow Prices, Planning Models.

#### **Unit.5**

Goals and Strategy of Indian Planning, Review of Indian Planning, 12<sup>th</sup> Five Year Plan.

**Suggested Reading:**

1. Meier, Gerald M. and James E. Rauch (2006) : Leading Issues in Economic Development, Eighth Edition, Oxford University Press, New York.
2. Ray, Debraj (2004) : Development Economics, Seventh Impression, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
3. Thirlwall, A. P. (2006) : Growth and Development, Eighth Edition, Palgrave Macmillan, New York.
4. Todaro, Michael P. and Stephen Smith, C. (2007) : Economic Development, Eighth Edition, Second Impression, Pearson Education, (Singapore) Pvt. Ltd., Indian Branch, Delhi.
5. Yotopoulos, Pan A. and Nugent Jeffery B. (1976) : Economics of Development : Empirical Investigations, Harper and Row Publishers, New York

**302: Gender and Development**

**Unit.1**

Gender – the concept, the difference between sex and gender, key concepts in gender studies, gender equality, gender justice, gender bias, gender roles, gender relations, gender blindness, gender division and labour, gender perspective.

**Unit.2**

The construction of gender in major social institutions: family, religion, economy, education, politics and media development – The concept, major theoretical formulations, changing concept of development, the shift from the growth model to the social justice model.

**Unit.3**

The gender dimension in development thought, a critique of existing theories with special

reference to the third world. Emergence of gender concerns in development – Review of some theoretical approaches : Women and work: The definitions of women’s work, gender biases the case of census definitions, and distinctions drawn between women’s work ‘within’ and ‘outside’ the home, globalization and its impact on opportunities for women’s economic participation.

#### **Unit.4**

Obstacles to women’s development in India – Gender discrimination in allocation of familial resources (food, education, health, care, employment) violence against women (female foeticide and infanticide, marriages related atrocities, harassment at work place).

#### **Unit.5**

Case studies of programmes of women’s and child development, COI and GOK, Central and State Social Welfare Boards, IRDP and some of the UN agencies may be chosen for evaluation.

#### **Suggested Reading:**

1. Ester Boserup : Women’s Role in Economic Development.
2. Sardamoni K. (Ed) : Women, Work and Society.
3. Neera Desai and M. Krishnaraj : Women and Society in India.
4. Leelamma Devasia : Women in India and quality, social justice and development.
5. Maitreyi Krishnaraj : Women and Development – The Indian Experience.
6. Chatana Kalbagh (Ed) : Women and Development.
7. Alwa Myrdal and Viola Klein : Women’s Two Roles – Home and the Family.
8. Chandrashekar Raj Kumari (Ed) : Women’s Resources and National Development – a perspective.

### **303 Development Administrations**

#### **Unit.1**

The concept of Development Administration : Nature and Scope, Development- on-Development Dichotomy. concept of Administrative Development.

#### **Unit.2**

Ecology of Development Administration - Interaction of the Administrative System with Political, Cultural and Economic System. Interaction between political system and bureaucracy.

### **Unit.3**

The structure of Bureaucracy : Personnel Administration, Recruitment & Training.

Role of Bureaucracy in the Socio-Economic Development.

### **Unit.4**

Role of self help groups and role of international funding agencies in development (eg.UNDP, ADB & World Bank) Role of NGOS in development.

### **Unit.5**

Machinery of the Government at the National level with particular reference to the pattern of Departmentalization of Developing Nations in General. India and Thailand in particular.

Responsive Administration People's Participation in Development process, Human Development Index and Capacity Building for Development. Role of new administrative changes (eg. Right to Information, Citizen charter, Public Service Guarantee act.

### **Core Readings:**

1. Fasical Al-Salem : The Ecology of Development Administration.
2. Fred W. Riggs (ed) : Frontiers of Development Administration.
3. Edward Weidner (ed)/: Development Administration.
4. John D. Montgomery & William J Siffin : Approaches to Development Politics, Administration and Chance.
5. Irrving Swedlow (ed.): Public Administration.
6. Edward Weidner (ed) : Public Administration and Technical Assistance.
7. Joseph La Palombara (ed.) : Bureucracy and Political Development.
8. Nimord Rahaeli : Reading in Comparative Public Administration.
9. Fed Riggs : Thailand : Modernization of Bureaucratic Polity.
10. Williams Siffin : Thai Bureaucracy.
11. R.S. Chauhan : The Political Development of Nepal.
12. Gunner Myrdal : Asian Drama.
13. Fred Riggs : Administration of Developing Countries.
14. A.R. Tyagi : The Civil Service in a Developing Society.

15. V.A Pai Panandikar : Personnel System for Development Admn.

16. Preeta Joshi : Vikas Prakashan (Hindi)

**Journals:**

1. Indian Journal of Public Administration (New Delhi)

2. Administrative Change (Jaipur).

3. Public Administration Review (U.S.A.).

4. Administrative Science Quarterly (U.S.A.).

5. Political Science Review (Jaipur).

6. Europe Review (Vietnam)

**304: Project**

The project will be carried out on any subject/ topic related to economic, social, administration and development themes. No supervision will be allotted by the university to complete the project report.

**305: Elective-I**

Please choose any one of the following papers as a paper 305.

<b>Paper Code</b>	<b>Nomenclature</b>
305 A	Social Administration
305 B	Population and Development
305 C	Social Movements and Social Change
305 D	Development Issues in India
305 E	Development Initiative- Policy, Plans & Project

**Elective First**

**305 (A) Social Administrations**

**Unit.1**

Concepts : Meaning, Nature, Scope and principles of Social Administration. Methods of Social Administration. Social Case Work, Group work and community organisation.

### **Unit.2**

Social policy in India : Need for a Social Policy Resolution. Social Legislation in India and its inadequacies, Social Planning in India : Social Development.

### **Unit.3**

Organisation : Social Administration at the Central Level. The department of Social Welfare. The scatter nature of Social affairs at Central level and a case for the creation of an integrated ministry of social affairs. Central Social Welfare Board: Its composition, function and status.

### **Unit.4**

Social Administration at the State Level. The State department/Directorate of Social Welfare-the controversy. State Social Welfare Board, SC/ST development and Finance co-operative corporation Ltd., Social Administration at the Local level i.e. District and Panchayat levels.

### **Unit.5**

Role of voluntary organisation in India and their relationship with State. Personnel system for Social Administration. Need for the creation of a special cadre of Social Administration Personnel at the central, State and Local levels and determination of their conditions of service. Problems of Social Administration in India:

- (a) Co-ordination
- (b) Human Relations
- (c) Grants-in-aid
- (d) Common Civil Code
- (e) Gender Justice

### **Core Readings:**

1. David C. Marsh : An Introduction to Social Administration.
2. Friendlander : Introduction to Social Welfare
3. G.B. Sharma : Social Administration in India
4. D.K. Mishra : Samajik Prashaan (Hindi)

5. A.R.C. Report on personnel administration

**Reference Books :**

1. Indian Encyclopedia of Social Work (Publication Division New Delhi 1968)
2. American Social Work year book.
3. India, Committee on plan projects, Planning commission report of the study team on Social Welfare and Welfare of Backward Classes (1968)
4. C.R. White : Public Welfare Administration
5. T.H. Marshall : Social Policy
6. Surendra Kataria; Samajik Prashashan

**Journals:**

1. Indian Journal of Social work
2. Indian Journal of Public Administration
3. Political Science Review.

**305 (B): Population and Development**

**Unit.1**

Population and Development- Interrelation between population, development and environment, sustainable development.

**Unit.2**

Malthusian theory of population, Optimum theory of population, theory of demographic transition, population as 'Limits to Growth' and as 'Ultimate Source'.

**Unit.3**

Concept of Demography-Vital rates, Life tables, composition and uses, Measurement of fertility- Total fertility rate, gross and net reproduction rate- Age pyramids, population projection- stable, stationary and quasi-stationary population; characteristics of Indian population through recent census.

**Unit.4**

Poverty in India- Absolute and relative; analysis of poverty in India; migration, population policy of India.

### **Unit.5**

Environment as necessity- amenity and public goods; causes of environmental and ecosystem degeneration- policies for controlling pollution- economic and persuasive; their relative effectiveness in LDCs; Relation between population, poverty and environmental degradation- micro planning for environment and eco- preservation- water sheds; joint forest management and self help groups.

#### **Suggested Reading:**

1. G.W. Barclay: Techniques of population Analysis.
2. D.K. Bogue: Principles of Demography.
3. Coale and Hoover: population Growth and Economic Development in Low Income Countries.
4. O.S. Srivastava: Arthik Evam Samajik Jananki Shastra (Hindi).
5. Jeevan Chandra Pant: Jananki (Hindi).
6. Mahboob-Ul-Haq: Reflections in Human Development.
7. Human Development Report (Latest).
8. National Family Health Surveys

## **305 (C): Social Movements and Social Change**

### **Unit.1**

Conceptual framework- relation between social structure, social movement and social change. Typology of social movements. Perspectives and theories. Discourse on hegemony, Methodological issues:

## **Unit.2**

Historical overview of social movements with special reference to India social movements during the colonial period; trade union (labour) movements- rise and decline; adivasi (tribal) upsurge;

## **Unit.3**

women's movement, Understanding social movements in response to development of world capital and modernization. Post colonial protest movements agrarian struggles and other type of movements across the world- post World War II movements.

## **Unit.4**

Social movements in post-colonial India- agrarian movement- Naxalite movement: history, contemporary issue and challenges- role of State. Decline of traditional Trade Union movements. new farmer's movement- SEZs and protest from the farm sector – State as facilitator to global corporatism.

## **Unit.5**

Social movement and social change: from mobilization to institutionalization of movement- role of charisma. Voluntary agencies and interventions-challenges of global and corporate capitalism. Ideology, political culture and social movement

Suggested Readings-:

1. Rajendra Singh ; Social Movements: Old and new : A post/- Modernist Critique New Delhi; Sage 2001.
2. T.K. Oommen ; Protests and change; Studies in Social Movements New Delhi. Sage 1990.
3. T.K.Oommen; 'Social Movements' in ICSSR Report .
4. K.S. Singh ; Tribal Movements in India 1982.
5. K.L.Sharma ; Caste, Class and Social Movements. Jaipur; Rawet Pub. 1986.

## **305 (D) : Development Issues in India**

### **Unit.1**

Analysis of India's economic performance through national income accounts since independence – changing sectoral shares and their implications – economic growth, employment and equity review of poverty studies in India.

### **Unit.2**

A brief review of India's planning history - declining importance of planning and the adoption of SAP – its economic and political compulsions. Indian agriculture – review of performance – the transition from a community – centered to a technocratic approach impact of SAP and the new patent regime on agriculture – export promotion and food security.

### **Unit.3.**

Industrial development in India – Mahalambis model and its contribution – comparison with the wage-goods model-small scale industries and their importance in employment generation. Entry of foreign capital and impact on domestic industry – the demand for a level playing field Power; endemic shortages and the reasons – analysis of shortage visa viz opening up the sector to foreign capital and environmental opposition.

### **Unit.4.**

Inflation, money supply and deficits and critique. Tax policy in India - the parallel economy and the Laffer curve. Deficit reduction and implications for the weaker sections, State efforts to protect the weaker sections – subsidies, reservations and their record.

### **Unit.5**

India's debt-internal and external Monetary policy – money, supply and inflation, rate, and its regulatory record. Unemployment and efforts to generate employment review of programmes. Informal sector its growth and importance. The emerging international trade scenario in India.

#### **Suggested Reading:**

1. Rudder Datt and Sundharam : Indian Economy.
2. Amartya Ben and Jena Draze : India-economic and Social Opportunity.
3. Chakravarty : Development Planning – The Indian Experience.

4. Deepak Nayyar (ed) – Industrial Growth and Space Stagnation.
5. Krishnaswamy (ed) – Growth and Income Distribution.
6. M.L. Dentwale (ed) – India's Agricultural Development since Independence.

### **305 (E): Development Initiative – Policy, Plans and Projects**

#### **Unit.1**

State initiatives for development – relationship between policy and planning. Basic issues in planning – aspirations, goals and targets importance of the political context – multi – level planning and co-ordination.

#### **Unit.2**

Principal decisions in Planning – setting priorities, resource mobilization, savings and capital formation, role of external assistance.

#### **Unit.3**

Planning models and their utility – analytical and simulation models – uses of capital – out put ratios and accounting prices. Harrod –Domar and Mahalanobies models. Plans, Programmes and projects, Can a shelf of projects replace a Plan.

#### **Unit.4**

Divergence between private and social; costs and benefits, Allocative problems due to defective telescopic faculty External efforts and their characteristics – internalizing Externalities – implications of the legal frame work.

#### **Unit.5**

Formulating and evaluating projects – principal methods – world bank, UNIQ, Consumer surplus and Little – Mirrless.

#### **Suggested Readings**

1. K.B. Griffin and T.L.E. nos – Planning Development

2. J. Tinbergen – Development Planning
3. W. Arthur Lewis – Development Planning
4. W. Arthur Lewis – Principles of Economics Planning
5. G. Sirin – The Visible Hand
6. E.J. Mishan – Cost Benefit Analysis
7. F.M.D. Little and J.A. Mirrian – Project Planning and Appraisal in Developing Countries
8. Das Gupta and Pearce – Cost Benefit Analysis
9. J. Price Bittinger – Economic analysis of Agricultural Projects

## **Semester Fourth**

### **401: Political Economy of International Trade & Development-**

#### **Unit.1**

Early Trade Theories: Mercantilism, Classical Theory of Trade, Absolute Advantage and Comparative Advantage - Views of Adam Smith, Ricardo, Mill, Haberler, Empirical Testing of Classical Theory.

#### **Unit.2**

Factor Endowments and Heckscher-Ohlin Model-factor Price Equalization Theorem, Stolper-Samuelson theorem, Metzler Paradox and Rybczynski Theorem, Empirical Verification of H-O Theory, Leontief Paradox, Meade's General Equilibrium in trade, International trade under Imperfection Competition in Goods Market: Intra Industry Trade.

#### **Unit.3**

Economic Growth and International Trade - Growth of factors of production, Technical Progress, Immiserizing Growth, International Factor Movements - Labour and Capital Movements and their effects, Brain Drain, Multinational Corporations and their role.

#### **Unit.4**

Equilibrium/ disequilibrium in Balance of Payment- Traditional, Absorption and Monetary approaches for adjustment in the Balance of Payments, Foreign Trade multiplier; Trade Policy and Reforms in India.

#### **Unit.5**

Impact of Tariffs & Quota, Partial and general equilibrium analysis; Political economy of Non-Tariff Barriers; Theory of regionalism at Global level- Collapse of Britton- Wood System.

#### **Suggested Reading:**

1. J. Bhagwati: International Trade, Cambridge University Press, London.
2. R. J. Carbough; International Economics
3. D. Salvatore: International Economics, PHI, New York
4. Rana and Verma: International Economics, Vishal Publishing House, Ludhiana (Hindi and English)

### **402: Macro Analysis in Development Studies.**

#### **Unit.1**

Macroeconomic variables; National income: concepts, components and measurement, Interrelationship between three measures of national income; Consumption function: Determinants, Consumption function hypotheses – Absolute, Relative, Permanent Income and Life cycle hypothesis.

#### **Unit.2**

Determination of output and employment- Classical, Keynesian approach, output- price determination (aggregate supply and aggregate demand curve analysis).

#### **Unit.3**

Concept of investment multiplier; Theories of investment and accelerator; Theories of demand for money- Keynesian and post- Keynesian (inventory theory of Baumol and portfolio balance theory of Tobin) , Restatement of quantity theory of money by Milton Friedman, and Patinkin.

Supply of Money – measurement, components, and determinants, High-powered money and Money multiplier, Theories of money supply.

#### **Unit.4**

IS-LM model- The interaction of Real and Monetary sectors of the economy , Keynesian version of the IS-LM model , Neo-classical version of the IS-LM model, Fiscal policy and crowding out effect, role and relative effectiveness of fiscal and monetary policy; aggregate supply and aggregate demand model- Neo-classical three sector model (Pigou effect) and Keynesian three sector model (Keynes effect).

#### **Unit.5**

Phillips curve analysis, Business cycles- Models of Samuelson, Hicks, and Kaldor. Fleming-Mundell open economy model.

#### **Suggested Reading:**

1. Errol D; Souza, Macroeconomics, Pearson Education.
2. Richard, T. Froyen, Macro Economics: Theories and Policies, Pearson Education.
3. P. Edgmond, Macroeconomics, PHI, New Delhi.
4. Gregory Mankiv, Macroeconomics, CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
5. Robert J Gorden, Macroeconomics, Harper Collins.
6. Rana & Verma, Macroeconomics, Vishal Publishing House (Hindi and English medium).

7. H L Ahuja, Macroeconomics, S Chand & Sons. New Delhi (Hindi and English medium).

8. Eric Pentacost, Macro Economics: An Open Economy Approach, Macmillan, Indian Edition, New Delhi, 2000.

### **403: Public Finance & Development**

#### **Unit.1**

Role of the Government in Economic activity & Development- Allocation, distribution and stabilization functions; Private, Public and Merit goods.

#### **Unit.2**

The Public Budgets- Kinds of Budgets, Zero-base budgeting, different concepts of budget deficits; Budgets of the Union Government in India.

#### **Unit.3**

Public Revenue- Different approaches to the division of tax burden, incidence and effects of taxation ; elasticity and buoyancy; taxable capacity. Public Expenditure- Hypotheses; effects and evaluation.

#### **Unit.4**

Public Debt – Sources, effects, burden and its management, Theory of public debt, Loans and Saving as sources of finance for development.

#### **Unit.5**

Fiscal Federalism- Theory and problems; Problems of Centre-State Financial relations in India; Fiscal Policy- Neutral and compensatory; functional finance; balanced budget multiplier. State finances of Rajasthan – trend and composition of revenue and expenditure.

**Suggested Reading:**

1. R.A.Musgrave:Theory of Public Finance.
2. R.A.Musgrave and P.B.Musgrave: Public Finance in Theory and practice.
3. S.Ganguli: Public Finance.
4. H.L.Bhatia: Public Finance (Hindi and English)
5. Raghvendra Jha: Modern Theory of Public Finance.
6. B P Tyagi: Public Finance (Hindi and English)
7. Rudra Dutta & K P M Sundaram: Indian Economy (Hindi and English)

**404: Development and International Finance****Unit.1**

Development and International Finance – Functions, Sources and Uses, International Capital Flows - Foreign Direct Investment, Foreign Portfolio Investment, Effects of investment on host countries and financial instability, India’s policy towards foreign capital.

**Unit.2**

International Financial System and global economy, Principles of International Financial Management ,Foreign Exchange Market -Structure, Kinds, Instruments of payments, Functions, Trading. Eurocurrency markets, Asian Dollar Markets and Stability of foreign exchange market.

**Unit.3**

Foreign Exchange Rate- meaning, exchange risk, hedging and speculation. Determination of equilibrium exchange rate and exchange rate systems. International Monetary System and alternative international monetary standards, IMF.

**Unit.4**

The Theory of Optimum currency areas. Reforms in International monetary system for developing countries, Asian Development Bank and its' lending activities, Borrowing from World Bank , Asian Development Bank and Aid India Club nations and its overall impact on Indian economic development.

### **Unit.5**

Open Economy of India - Trends in India's Balance of Payments and growth of foreign exchange reserves since the year 1990, Convertibility of Indian Rupee and its' impact on Indian economy, Exchange rate management in India.

Role of the Regional Blocks - EU, NAFTA, ASEAN, SAFTA etc. in the International Business, WTO and its impact on different sectors of the Indian economy.

### **Suggested Reading:**

1. Grabbe J. Orlin: International Financial markets, Prentice Hall, Inc. Englewood cliffs, NJ, USA.
2. Daniel R. Kane: Principles of International Finance, Croom Helm Ltd.
3. Harold James: International Monetary Cooperation since Biretton Wood, IMF.
4. Peter B. Kenen (Ed): Managing the World Economy: Fifty Years after Bretton Wood.
5. Pater Kenen: International Economics, Cambridge University Press.
6. Bo Soderster and Geoffrey Reed: International Economics MacMillan.
7. Lovi-Maurica: International Finance, McGraw-Hill.

### **405: Elective-II**

Please choose any one of the following papers as a paper 405.

<b>Paper Code</b>	<b>Nomenclature</b>
405 A	Dissertation
405 B	Project Planning, Monitoring & Evaluation
405 C	Urban and Regional Development
405 D	Human Development: Theory and Practice
405 E	Tribes, Denotified Tribes & Their Development

## **Elective Second**

### **405 (A) Dissertation**

Student will have to complete the dissertation under any Research Supervisor approved by the university and he/she will submit the dissertation 21 days before the start of the examination.

### **405 (B): Project Planning, Monitoring and Evaluation**

#### **Unit.1**

Definition of Project; Types of Project; Elements of the project; Relevance and Need for Project Planning, Implementation and Evaluation.

#### **Unit.2**

Project Life Cycle: Conceptualization Phase; Formulation Phase: Operational Phase: Termination Phase.

#### **Unit.3**

Project Monitoring: Mid-term Evaluation & Corrective Measures. Methods of Project Evaluation:

#### **Unit.4**

Fundamentals of Project Evaluation- Consumer Surplus, Net Benefit, Real Vs Pecuniary Benefits; Shadow Pricing of Market Items;

#### **Unit.5**

Efficiency and Equity. Participatory Rapid Rural Appraisal. Social Impact Assessment for Project under Resettlement and Rehabilitation.

#### **Suggested Reading:**

1. K.B. Griffin and T.L.E. nos – Planning Development
2. J. Tinbergen – Development Planning
3. W. Arthur Lewis – Development Planning
4. W. Arthur Lewis – Principles of Economics Planning
5. G. Sirin – The Visible Hand
6. E.J. Mishan – Cost Benefit Analysis
7. F.M.D. Little and J.A. Mirrian – Project Planning and Appraisal in Developing Countries
8. Das Gupta and Pearce – Cost Benefit Analysis
9. J. Price Bittering – Economic analysis of Agricultural Projects

### **405 (C) : Urban and Regional Development**

#### **Unit.1**

Perspective on urban and regional development and planning in the context of traditional classical school and recent emerging trends.

#### **Unit.2**

Introduction to regions, their types and needs for regional planning and their relevance: Growth Pole and Growth centre models.

### **Unit.3**

Agropolitan model, Regional Inequalities and multipliers: methods for measures. Structure and function of cities: Journey from Ghicago School to 'global city'.

### **Unit.4**

Urban Planning in Developed and Developing Countries; Indian Experience of Urban Planning

### **Unit.5**

Regional Development and Inequalities in India in terms of Economic opportunities, Infrastructure, Housing and overall quality of life.

### **Suggested Reading:**

1. Diplab Dasgupta – Urbanization and migration.
2. Govt. of India – Urban statistics, Town and country planning, New Delhi.
3. VLS Prakasa Rao – Urbanisation in India, Concept Publications, New Delhi, 1993.
4. K.V. Sundaram – Urban and Regional Planning in India, 1981.
5. Harvey D – Social Justice and the city, Basil Blackwell London, 1989.
6. A.K. jain – Indian megacity and economic reforms – Management of Public Company, New Delhi, 1996.
7. Ashish Bose: Urbanisation in India – Concept Publishers, 1971.
8. Govt. of India – 73<sup>rd</sup> and 74<sup>th</sup> Constitution Amendment Act 1992.
9. I Mohan: Environment and Urban Development – Anmol Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
10. Vibhoot: Shukla – Urbanisation and Economy Growth – Dhari sons New Delhi, 1997.
11. Partha Das Gupta and Kari Goran Mater. The Environment and emerging development issues.
12. Intiaz Alvi. The informal sector in Urban Economy, Oxford University Press, 1977.

13. Ghanshyam Shah – Public Health and Urban Development.
14. Veronique Dupont – Decentralized Industrialization and urban dynamics.
15. Jain N.S. and Mahavir (ed – Urban Development Planning strategies and technique – vol. I and II SPA New Delhi, 1985.
16. Raj Kapila and Uma Kapila – Economic development in India, Behari sons New Delhi, 1997.
17. Uma Kapila – Indian Economy since independence – 1947-97, Behri Sons, New Delh, 1997.
18. R.S.Sandhu; Urbanization of India. New Delhi; Sage. 2003.
19. MohanAdvani; Urbanization Development an Rehabilitation Jaipur; Rawat Pub. 2009.

### **405 (D) : Human Development: Theory and Practice**

#### **Unit.1**

Human development in theory: Amartya Sen - capability approach, John Rawls - critique of utilitarianism, Mahbub ul Haq the making of human development index; Conceptual issues: basic needs and capabilities, capabilities and human development, functioning's and freedom, agency functions, collective action.

#### **Unit.2**

Sustainable human development. Population dynamics – basic concepts in demography – Malthus and his relevance. Optimum population theory, and population transition theory; components of population change – fertility, mortality and migration , population analysis, population structure, population development India's population policy.

#### **Unit.3**

Millennium Development Goals; Human Development Index: evolution, measurement, refinements, debates, world, national and state Human Development Reports;

#### **Unit.4**

Human development in practice: Multi-dimensional poverty measures, country case studies; Hunger, unemployment and public action: food security, employment security; Indian case: state of the Indian farmer, agrarian crisis and farmers suicides, state of primary and secondary schooling, public health, gender related conflicts.

## **Unit.5**

Education – literacy and differential rates across regions and groups- education, and human resources – a profile of education policy options. Health - importance of sanitation, potable drinking water and their Contribution to the health status of the population – India’s record in Providing health care the ecology of poverty and disease. Nutrition: effective demand for food persistent chronic hunger and malnutrition – poverty and food self-sufficiency.

### **Suggested Reading:**

1. A. Sen, *Development as Freedom*, Oxford University Press, 2000
2. S. Fukuda-Parr and A. K. Shivakumar (eds.), *Readings in Human Development: Concepts, Measures And Policies for a Development Paradigm*, Oxford University Press, 2005.
3. J. Dreze and A. Sen (eds.), *The Political Economy of Hunger, Volume 1: Entitlement and Well-Being*, Clarendon Press Oxford, 1990.
4. UNDP, *World Human Development Reports*, United Nations, 1990-2011.
5. K. Haq and R. Ponzio (eds.), *Pioneering the Human Development Revolution: An Intellectual Biography of Mahbub ul Haq*, Oxford University Press, 2008
6. J. Rawls, *Justice as Fairness: A Restatement*, The Belknap Press, 2000
7. M.P. Todaro – *Economic Development in the Third World*, 1993.
8. Asha Bhendi and Tara Kunikar – *Principles of population studies*.

9. Fredrick Harbinson,: Human Resource as wealth of Nations.
10. Gunner Myrdal, – Asian Drama; An inquiry into the Poverty of Nations, 1968, vol. III,
11. Draze Jean: The Political Economy of Hunger.

### **405 (E): Tribes, Denotified Tribes & Their Development**

#### **Unit.1**

Concept of Tribe, Subaltern Tribal's, Entrepreneurship, Stratification & Tribal Problem

#### **Unit.2**

Parameters of Tribal Development, Tribal Situation in Rajasthan, Tribal Forest Nexus; Development Displacement & Rehabilitation.

#### **Unit.3**

Tribes in Transition, Approaches to Development, Tribal Elites, Rural Peasant & Tribal Communities; Globalization and Tribes.

#### **Unit.4**

Poverty & Tribal Development; Tribes & Local Government , Politics & Tribes in India; Problem of Livelihood; Tribes Movements.

#### **Unit.5**

Denotified Tribes- Concept and Background of Denotified Tribes, Discrimination, Rehabilitation, Denotified Tribes Pre Independence post Independence Scenario ;Action Approach and Reforms Among Denotified Tribes.

#### **Suggested Reading:**

1. Vidyut Joshi - Tribes Stutuation in India .
2. Deborah Eade- Development NGOS, and Civil Society, Rawat, JPR.
3. B.S. Baviskar “Sociological Bulletin vol-50 No.1 March 200/ NGO, S &

Civil Society in India.

4. Sociological Bulletin in vol- 50 No.2 Sept.200/ all articles Reconceptualising Caste class & Tribe, K.L Sharma Rawat, 200/
5. P.C Jain -Planned Development Among Tribals, Rawat (1999), Jaipur
6. Raj Bhandi Himanshu-Social Policy and Development in Rajasthan, Udaipur.
7. S.C.Rajora- Forest Management and strategy and Tribal Social Structure, Ankur , Udaipur Rs.200/
8. D.C. Srivastava - Readings in Environmental Ethics, Rawat , Jaipur
9. H.M.Saxena- Environmental Managements, Rawat , Jaipur
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