Scheme of Examinations Rules & Regulations and Syllabus

(Effective from Academic Session 2023-2024)

M.Sc. Chemistry

First Semester Examination, December 2023 Second Semester Examination, June 2024

Faculty of Science



UNIVERSITY OF KOTA

MBS Marg, KOTA (Rajasthan)-324 005

INDIA

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M.Sc. Chemistry: Semester wise Consolidated Scheme of Examinations

Year /		Numbe	er, Code or ID and Nomenclature of Paper	Duration			/ Week &	Distribution	of Assessme	nt Marks		
Semester	Number of	Code or ID	Nomenclature of Paper	of Exam.		Credit P	oints				Mai	rks
	Paper	of Paper		(in Hrs.)	Teachi	ng Hrs.	Credit	Internal	Semester	Total	Internal	Semester
					Th.	Pr.	Points	Assessment	Assessment	Marks	Assessment	Assessment
1st Year	Paper-1.1	CHE T	Inorganic Chemistry	3	4	-	4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-1.2	CHE T	Organic Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
I Semester	Paper-1.3	CHE T	Physical Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-1.4	CHE T	Mathematics for Chemists / Biology for Chemists	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-1.5	CHE P	Chemistry Practical	12		16	8		200	200		100
		Total (I Semester)	24	16	16	24	120	480	600	48	212	
1st Year	Paper-2.1	CHE T	Inorganic Chemistry	3	4	-	4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-2.2	CHE T	Organic Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
II Semester	Paper-2.3	CHE T	Physical Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-2.4	CHE T	Computer Applications in Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-2.5	CHE P	Chemistry Practical	12		16	8		200	200		100
	Paper-2.6	VAC	Value Added Course (Opt from Pool-A of the Value-Added Course)	4		4	2	50		50	25	
			Total (II Semester)	28	16	20	26	170	480	650	73	212
2nd Year	Paper-3.1	CHE T	Common Paper: Chromatography	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-3.2	CHE T	Common Paper: Spectroscopy	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
III Semester	Paper-3.3	CHE T	Specialization Paper-I : Group I / II / III / IV / V	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-3.4	CHE T	Specialization Paper-II : Group I / II / III / IV / V	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-3.5	CHE P	Specialization Paper-III: Group I/II/III/IV/V	12		16	8		200	200		100
	Paper-3.6	VAC	Value Added Course (Opt from Pool-B of the Value-Added Course)	4		4	2	50		50	25	
			Total (III Semester)	28	16	20	26	170	480	650	73	212
2nd Year	Paper-4.1	CHE T	Common Paper: Environmental Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-4.2	CHE T	Common Paper: Recent Methods of Organic Synthesis	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
IV Semester	Paper-4.3	CHE T	Specialization Paper-I : Group I / II / III / IV / V	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-4.4	CHE T	Specialization Paper-II : Group I / II / III / IV / V	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-4.5	CHE P	Specialization Paper-III: Group I / II / III / IV / V	12		16	8		200	200		100
			Total (IV Semester)	24	16	16	24	120	480	600	48	212
	X7.1 A.11	1.0 (3/4)	Grand Total (I + II + III + IV Semester)	104	64	72	100	580	1920	2500	242	848

Note: Value Added Courses (VAC) may be opted from Pool-A and Pool-B. List of the VAC for Pool-A and Pool-B is uploaded separately on the University website www.uok.ac.in.

Groups of Specializations in M.Sc. Chemistry

Year /	Specialization Papers	Code or ID	Group-I:	Group-II:	Group-III:	Group-IV:	Group-V:
Sem.			Inorganic Chemistry	Organic Chemistry	Physical Chemistry	Analytical Chemistry	Industrial Chemistry
2nd Year	Specialization Paper-I	CHE T	Bio-inorganic Chemistry	Organic Synthesis	Nuclear Chemistry	Advanced Analytical Techniques	Fundamentals of Industrial Process Calculations
III Semester	Specialization Paper-II	CHE T	Photo-inorganic Chemistry	Heterocyclic Chemistry	Physical Organic Chemistry	Analysis of Commercial Products	Fuel, Petrochemicals and Energy Technology
III Semester	Specialization Paper-III	CHE P	Inorganic Chemistry Practical	Organic Chemistry Practical	Physical Chemistry Practical	Analytical Chemistry Practical	Industrial Chemistry Practical
2 137	Specialization Paper-I	CHE T	Organo-transition Metal Chemistry	Chemistry of Natural Products	Electrochemistry	Instrumental Methods of Analysis	Chemical Process Industries
2nd Year IV Semester	Specialization Paper-II	CHE T	Polymers	Medicinal Chemistry	Chemical Dynamics	Analysis of Consumers Products	Industrial Management, IPR & Regulatory Affairs
IV Semester	Specialization Paper-III	CHE P	Inorganic Chemistry Practical	Organic Chemistry Practical	Physical Chemistry Practical	Analytical Chemistry Practical	Industrial Chemistry Practical

Scheme of Examination of Value-Added Courses (VAC) of Chemistry for Pool-A and Pool-B under CBCS Scheme

VAC of Chemistry for Pool-A:

Semester (Year)	Code and Nomenclature of Paper		Duration of Exam. (in Hrs.)	Teaching Hrs. / Week and Credits		Distrib	ition of Ass Marks	essment	Minimum Pass Marks			
				Theory	Practical	Credits	Int. Assess.	Sem. Assess.	Total Marks	Int. Assess.	Sem. Assess.	Total Marks
		Analysis of Juices, Jams and Jellies Analysis of Edible Oils and Fats			4	2	50		50	25		25
II Semester	CHOLA				4	2	50		50	25		25
(1st Year)	CHOI-A	Analysis of Milk and Milk Products	4	-	4	2	50		50	25		25
		Analysis of Food and Food Products		-	4	2	50	-	50	25		25

VAC of Chemistry for Pool-B:

Semester (Year)	Code and Nomenclature of Paper		de and Nomenclature of Paper Duration of Exam. Teaching Hrs. / Week and Credits		ek and	Distrib	ition of Ass Marks	essment	Minimum Pass Marks			
				Theory	Practical	Credits	Int.	Sem.	Total	Int.	Sem.	Total
							Assess.	Assess.	Marks	Assess.	Assess.	Marks
		Air Analysis	4		4	2	50		50	25	-	25
III Semester	CHOI-B	Soil Analysis	4		4	2	50		50	25	-	25
(2nd Year)	Спот-в	Water Analysis	4		4	2	50		50	25		25
		Drug Analysis	4		4	2	50		50	25		25

Note:

- 1. As per required facilities available in the Department/College to run the VAC, any one of the VAC of the chemistry of Pool-A and Pool-B may be offered by the concerned Department/College to the students of any discipline.
- 2. Theory part of the above-mentioned VAC of the chemistry shall be taught and thereafter practical work of these VAC shall be performed by the Teaching Departments as per the required infrastructure and/or facilities available in the Teaching Department.
- 3. Assessment of these VAC of the chemistry shall be made internally at Teaching Department level and marks will be uploaded on the University Examination Portal by the concern faculty member/teaching department.

M.Sc. Chemistry: Inorganic Chemistry Specialization

Semester wise Scheme of Examinations

Year /	/	Code or ID and Nomenclature of Paper	Duration			/ Week &	Distribu	tion of Ass	essment	Minimum Passing	
Semester	Number Code or ID	Nomenclature of Paper	of Exam.		Credit Po			Marks	1	Ma	arks
	of Paper of Paper		(in Hrs.)	Teach	ing Hrs.	Credit	Internal	Semester	Total	Internal	Semester
				Th.	Pr.	Points	Assess.	Assess.	Marks	Assess.	Assess.
1st Year	Paper-1.1 CHE T	Inorganic Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-1.2 CHE T	Organic Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
I Semester	Paper-1.3 CHE T	Physical Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-1.4 CHE T	Mathematics for Chemists / Biology for Chemists	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-1.5 CHE P	Chemistry Practical	12		16	8		200	200		100
		Total (I Semester)	24	16	16	24	120	480	600	48	212
1st Year	Paper-2.1 CHE T	Inorganic Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-2.2 CHE T	Organic Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
II Semester	Paper-2.3 CHE T	Physical Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-2.4 CHE T	Computer Applications in Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-2.5 CHE P	Chemistry Practical	12		16	8		200	200		100
	Paper-2.6 VAC	Value Added Course (Opt from Pool-A of the Value-Added Course)	4		4	2	50		50	25	
		Total (II Semester)	28	16	20	26	170	480	650	73	212
2nd Year	Paper-3.1 CHE T	Chromatography	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-3.2 CHE T	Spectroscopy	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
III Semester	Paper-3.3 CHE T	Bio-inorganic Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-3.4 CHE T	Photo-inorganic Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-3.5 CHE P	Inorganic Chemistry Practical	12		16	8		200	200		100
	Paper-3.6 VAC	Value Added Course (Opt from Pool-B of the Value-Added Course)	4		4	2	50		50	25	
		Total (III Semester)	28	16	20	26	170	480	650	73	212
2nd Year	Paper-4.1 CHE T	Environmental Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-4.2 CHE T	Recent Methods of Organic Synthesis	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
IV Semester	Paper-4.3 CHE T	Organo-transition Metal Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-4.4 CHE T	Polymers	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-4.5 CHE P	Inorganic Chemistry Practical	12		16	8		200	200		100
		Total (IV Semester)	24	16	16	24	120	480	600	48	212
		Grand Total (I + II + III + IV Semester)	104	64	72	100	580	1920	2500	242	848

M.Sc. Chemistry: Organic Chemistry Specialization

Semester wise Scheme of Examinations

Year /		Number,	Code or ID and Nomenclature of Paper	Duration	1	_	/ Week &	Distribu	tion of Ass	essment	Minimum Passing	
Semester	Number	Code or ID	Nomenclature of Paper	of Exam.	(Credit Po	oints		Marks		Ma	rks
	of Paper	of Paper		(in Hrs.)	Teachi	ing Hrs.	Credit	Internal	Semester	Total	Internal	Semester
					Th.	Pr.	Points	Assess.	Assess.	Marks	Assess.	Assess.
1st Year	1	CHE T	Inorganic Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
		CHE T	Organic Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
I Semester	1	CHE T	Physical Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
		CHE T	Mathematics for Chemists / Biology for Chemists	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-1.5	CHE P	Chemistry Practical	12		16	8		200	200		100
			Total (I Semester)	24	16	16	24	120	480	600	48	212
1st Year	Paper-2.1	CHE T	Inorganic Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-2.2	CHE T	Organic Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
II Semester	Paper-2.3	CHE T	Physical Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-2.4	CHE T	Computer Applications in Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-2.5	CHE P	Chemistry Practical	12		16	8		200	200		100
	Paper-2.6	VAC	Value Added Course (Opt from Pool-A of the Value-Added Course)	4		4	2	50		50	25	
			Total (II Semester)	28	16	20	26	170	480	650	73	212
2nd Year	Paper-3.1	CHE T	Chromatography	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-3.2	CHE T	Spectroscopy	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
III Semester	Paper-3.3	CHE T	Organic Synthesis	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	1	CHE T	Heterocyclic Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	1	CHE P	Organic Chemistry Practical	12		16	8		200	200		100
	Paper-3.6	VAC	Value Added Course (Opt from Pool-B of the Value-Added Course)	4		4	2	50		50	25	
			Total (III Semester)	28	16	20	26	170	480	650	73	212
2nd Year		CHE T	Environmental Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
		CHE T	Recent Methods of Organic Synthesis	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
IV Semester		CHE T	Chemistry of Natural Products	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
		CHE T	Medicinal Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
[Paper-4.5	CHE P	Organic Chemistry Practical	12 24		16	8		200	200		100
	Total (IV Semeste				16	16	24	120	480	600	48	212
			Grand Total (I + II + III + IV Semester)	104	64	72	100	580	1920	2500	242	848

M.Sc. Chemistry: Physical Chemistry Specialization

Semester wise Scheme of Examinations

Year /	Number,	Code or ID and Nomenclature of Paper	Duration	Teach	ing Hrs.	/ Week &	Distribu	tion of Ass	essment	Minimum Passing	
Semester	Number Code or ID	Nomenclature of Paper	of Exam.	(Credit Po	oints		Marks		Ma	ırks
	of Paper of Paper		(in Hrs.)	Teach	ing Hrs.	Credit	Internal	Semester	Total	Internal	Semester
				Th.	Pr.	Points	Assess.	Assess.	Marks	Assess.	Assess.
1st Year	Paper-1.1 CHE T	Inorganic Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-1.2 CHE T	Organic Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
I Semester	Paper-1.3 CHE T	Physical Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-1.4 CHE T	Mathematics for Chemists / Biology for Chemists	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-1.5 CHE P	Chemistry Practical	12		16	8		200	200		100
		Total (I Semester)	24	16	16	24	120	480	600	48	212
1st Year	Paper-2.1 CHE T	Inorganic Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-2.2 CHE T	Organic Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
II Semester	Paper-2.3 CHE T	Physical Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-2.4 CHE T	Computer Applications in Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-2.5 CHE P	Chemistry Practical	12		16	8		200	200		100
	Paper-2.6 VAC	Value Added Course (Opt from Pool-A of the Value-Added Course)	4		4	2	50		50	25	
İ	•	Total (II Semester)	28	16	20	26	170	480	650	73	212
2nd Year	Paper-3.1 CHE T	Chromatography	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-3.2 CHE T	Spectroscopy	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
III Semester	Paper-3.3 CHE T	Nuclear Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-3.4 CHE T	Physical Organic Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-3.5 CHE P	Physical Chemistry Practical	12		16	8		200	200		100
	Paper-3.6 VAC	Value Added Course (Opt from Pool-B of the Value-Added Course)	4		4	2	50		50	25	
		Total (III Semester)	28	16	20	26	170	480	650	73	212
2nd Year	Paper-4.1 CHE T	Environmental Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-4.2 CHE T	Recent Methods of Organic Synthesis	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
IV Semester	Paper-4.3 CHE T	Electrochemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-4.4 CHE T	Chemical Dynamics	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-4.5 CHE P	Physical Chemistry Practical	12		16	8		200	200		100
		Total (IV Semester)	24	16	16	24	120	480	600	48	212
		Grand Total (I + II + III + IV Semester)	104	64	72	100	580	1920	2500	242	848

M.Sc. Chemistry: Analytical Chemistry Specialization

Semester wise Scheme of Examinations

Year /	,	Code or ID and Nomenclature of Paper	Duration			/ Week &	Distribu	tion of Ass	essment		n Passing
Semester	Number Code or ID	Nomenclature of Paper	of Exam.		Credit Po			Marks			ırks
	of Paper of Paper		(in Hrs.)	Teach	ing Hrs.	Credit	Internal	Semester	Total	Internal	Semester
				Th.	Pr.	Points	Assess.	Assess.	Marks	Assess.	Assess.
1st Year	Paper-1.1 CHE T	Inorganic Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-1.2 CHE T	Organic Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
I Semester	Paper-1.3 CHE T	Physical Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-1.4 CHE T	Mathematics for Chemists / Biology for Chemists	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-1.5 CHE P	Chemistry Practical	12		16	8		200	200		100
		Total (I Semester)	24	16	16	24	120	480	600	48	212
1st Year	Paper-2.1 CHE T	Inorganic Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-2.2 CHE T	Organic Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
II Semester	Paper-2.3 CHE T	Physical Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-2.4 CHE T	Computer Applications in Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-2.5 CHE P	Chemistry Practical	12		16	8		200	200		100
	Paper-2.6 VAC	Value Added Course (Opt from Pool-A of the Value-Added Course)	4		4	2	50		50	25	
Ī		Total (II Semester)	28	16	20	26	170	480	650	73	212
2nd Year	Paper-3.1 CHE T	Chromatography	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-3.2 CHE T	Spectroscopy	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
III Semester	Paper-3.3 CHE T	Advanced Analytical Techniques	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-3.4 CHE T	Analysis of Commercial Products	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-3.5 CHE P	Analytical Chemistry Practical	12		16	8		200	200		100
	Paper-3.6 VAC	Value Added Course (Opt from Pool-B of the Value-Added Course)	4		4	2	50		50	25	
		Total (III Semester)	28	16	20	26	170	480	650	73	212
2nd Year	Paper-4.1 CHE T	Environmental Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-4.2 CHE T	Recent Methods of Organic Synthesis	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
IV Semester	Paper-4.3 CHE T	Instrumental Methods of Analysis	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-4.4 CHE T	Analysis of Consumers Products	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-4.5 CHE P	Analytical Chemistry Practical	12		16	8		200	200		100
		Total (IV Semester)	24	16	16	24	120	480	600	48	212
		Grand Total (I + II + III + IV Semester)	104	64	72	100	580	1920	2500	242	848

M.Sc. Chemistry: Industrial Chemistry Specialization

Semester wise Scheme of Examinations

Year /		Code or ID and Nomenclature of Paper	Duration	Teach	ing Hrs.	/ Week &	Distribu	tion of Ass	essment	Minimum Passing	
Semester	Number Code or ID	Nomenclature of Paper	of Exam.		Credit Po	oints		Marks	1	Ma	rks
	of Paper of Paper		(in Hrs.)	Teach	ing Hrs.	Credit	Internal	Semester	Total	Internal	Semester
				Th.	Pr.	Points	Assess.	Assess.	Marks	Assess.	Assess.
1st Year	Paper-1.1 CHE T	Inorganic Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-1.2 CHE T	Organic Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
I Semester	Paper-1.3 CHE T	Physical Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-1.4 CHE T	Mathematics for Chemists / Biology for Chemists	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-1.5 CHE P	Chemistry Practical	12		16	8		200	200		100
		Total (I Semester)	24	16	16	24	120	480	600	48	212
1st Year	Paper-2.1 CHE T	Inorganic Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-2.2 CHE T	Organic Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
II Semester	Paper-2.3 CHE T	Physical Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-2.4 CHE T	Computer Applications in Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-2.5 CHE P	Chemistry Practical	12		16	8		200	200		100
	Paper-2.6 VAC	Value Added Course (Opt from Pool-A of the Value-Added Course)	4		4	2	50		50	25	
Ī	•	Total (II Semester)	28	16	20	26	170	480	650	73	212
2nd Year	Paper-3.1 CHE T	Chromatography	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-3.2 CHE T	Spectroscopy	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
III Semester	Paper-3.3 CHE T	Fundamentals of Industrial Process Calculations	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-3.4 CHE T	Fuel, Petrochemicals and Energy Technology	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-3.5 CHE P	Industrial Chemistry Practical	12		16	8		200	200		100
	Paper-3.6 VAC	Value Added Course (Opt from Pool-B of the Value-Added Course)	4		4	2	50		50	25	
		Total (III Semester)	28	16	20	26	170	480	650	73	212
2nd Year	Paper-4.1 CHE T	Environmental Chemistry	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-4.2 CHE T	Recent Methods of Organic Synthesis	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
IV Semester	Paper-4.3 CHE T	Chemical Process Industries	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-4.4 CHE T	Industrial Management, IPR and Regulatory Affairs	3	4		4	30	70	100	12	28
	Paper-4.5 CHE P	Industrial Chemistry Practical	12		16	8		200	200		100
		Total (IV Semester)	24	16	16	24	120	480	600	48	212
		Grand Total (I + II + III + IV Semester)	104	64	72	100	580	1920	2500	242	848

Rules & Regulations

Objectives of the Course:

Chemistry is an important part of the current revolutions in science. No educated person today can understand the modern world without a basic knowledge of chemistry. The existence of a large number of industries including pharmaceutical, agrochemical, petrochemical, heavy & fine chemical, fertilizer, polymer, rubber, cement, glass & ceramic, dye & pigment, pulp & paper, soap & detergent, perfumery, sugar, textile, coal, mine industries as well as power plants necessitate chemistry education. Hence, our goal for introducing the M.Sc. Chemistry programme is to educate the students in an effective manner so that the chemistry professionals can serve the fascinating fields of the chemistry.

M.Sc. Chemistry is a unique kind of course dealing with all aspects of chemistry including fundamental ideas about Inorganic, Organic, Physical, and Analytical Chemistry. This course also includes fundamentals of Mathematics, Biology, Computer, Industrial Techniques, *etc.* which are essential to a chemist to develop his/her overall presentation in the pharmaceutical, chemical, and other related industries. The major objectives of M.Sc. Chemistry course are:

- To impart knowledge in fundamental aspects of all branches of the Chemistry with basic ideas of other subjects such as Mathematics, Biology, Computer Applications in Chemistry.
- To acquire basic knowledge in the specialized areas like Organic Chemistry, Heterocyclic Chemistry, Medicinal Chemistry, Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Industrial Chemistry, Green Chemistry, Organic Synthesis, Polymer Chemistry, Bio-inorganic Chemistry, Physical Chemistry, Environmental Chemistry, Photo-inorganic Chemistry, Solid State Chemistry, Supra-molecular Chemistry, Electrochemistry, etc.

Duration of the Course:

The course for the degree of Master of Science in Chemistry shall consist of two academic years divided in to four equal semesters. Each semester consists of minimum 120 working days.

Eligibility for Admission in M.Sc. Chemistry First Semester:

A candidate who has passed any one of the following qualifying examinations with Chemistry as a major subject from any University recognized by the UGC shall be permitted to take admission in M.Sc. First Semester Chemistry to award M.Sc. degree in Chemistry with specialization in Inorganic Chemistry / Organic Chemistry / Physical Chemistry / Analytical Chemistry / Industrial Chemistry from this University after completion of a course of study of two academic years divided in the four-semester scheme of examination:

- B.Sc. with Chemistry as a main subject of study, or
- B.Sc. with specialization in any branch of Chemistry such as Industrial Chemistry, Polymer Chemistry, Applied Chemistry, Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Medicinal Chemistry, Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Polymer Chemistry, etc. or
- Three / Four-year B.Sc. (Hons.) with Chemistry or with specialization in any branch of Chemistry such as Industrial Chemistry, Applied Chemistry, Medicinal Chemistry, Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Polymer Chemistry, etc. or
- Four-year Bachelor of Science and Technology (B.Sc.-Tech.) or Bachelor of Science and Education (B.Sc.-B.Ed.) with Chemistry as a paper.

Minimum Marks required in Qualifying Examination:

- Qualifying examination passed from any recognised University which is situated in Rajasthan State:
 - General Category = 55%.
 - SC / ST / OBC / SBC or MBC = Min. Pass Marks
- Qualifying examination passed from any recognised University which is situated at outside the Rajasthan State:
 - All Categories = 60%.

Eligibility for Admission in M.Sc. Chemistry Third Semester:

A candidate may be promoted in the next academic session (odd semester *i.e.* III semester) if he/she has cleared collectively at least 50% of the papers of both semesters (semester I & II) of previous academic session with 50% of the aggregate marks. The candidate who does not fulfill the above condition will remain as an ex-student and will reappear in the due papers' examinations along with next odd/even semester examinations.

A candidate who has passed B.Ed. examination as a regular course of study after completing first and second semester examinations from this University shall also be eligible to take admission in third semester examination as a regular candidate.

Criteria for Opting Specialization in M.Sc. Chemistry Third Semester:

In third semester, a student will have an option to choose any specialization (Inorganic Chemistry / Organic Chemistry / Physical Chemistry / Analytical Chemistry / Industrial Chemistry) subject to availability of the specialization and number of seats in a particular specialization as well as the required infrastructure and faculty members of that specialization in the Department. If number of candidates will be more than available seats in a particular specialization, the admission in the specialized course shall be given on the basis of merit (aggregate percentage of first and second semester examinations) after receiving the option forms from the students with preferences for all the available specializations.

Attendance:

Every teaching faculty, handling a course, shall be responsible for the maintenance of Attendance Register for candidates who have registered for the course. The teacher of the course must intimate the Head of the Department at least seven calendar days before the last instruction day in the semester about the attendance particulars of all students. Each student should earn 75% attendance in the courses of the particular semester failing which he or she will not be permitted to sit in the End-Semester Examinations. However, it shall be open to the authorities to grant exemption to a candidate who has failed to obtain the prescribed 75% attendance for valid reasons and such exemptions should not under any circumstance be granted for attendance below 65%.

Course Number, Course Code or ID and Nomenclature:

The course code for PG course may be fixed by taking the first three alphabets of the subject, following by the four numerical digits of examination paper code and T/P. T and P correspond to theoretical nature and practical nature of the subject respectively. For example, if the course is M.Sc. Chemistry theory paper, then the course code will be CHE9904T and if the course is M.Sc. Chemistry practical paper, then the course code will be CHE9904P.

Course Structure:

The Master of Science (M.Sc.) in Chemistry programme consists Discipline Centric Core (DCC) Courses/Papers and Discipline Specific Elective (DSE) Courses/Papers and Value-Added Courses (VAC) under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) as per the details of the course structure given below:

C	Nature of	Semesters Wise Papers/Course along with Credits of							
S. No.	Paper /	T	heory and Practi	cal Components	S	Total Credits			
110.	Course	I	II	III	IV	Credits			
1.	Discipline	Subject-I	Subject-I	Subject-I	Subject-I	64			
	Centric Core	(4T = 4 Cr)	(4T = 4 Cr)	(4T = 4 Cr)	(4T = 4 Cr)				
	(DCC)	Subject-II	Subject-II	Subject-II	Subject-II				
	Course	(4T = 4 Cr)	(4T = 4 Cr)	(4T = 4 Cr)	(4T = 4 Cr)				
		Subject-III	Subject-III						
		(4T = 4 Cr)	(4T = 4 Cr)						
		Subject-IV	Subject-IV						
		(4T = 4 Cr)	(4T = 4 Cr)						
		Subject-V	Subject-V						
		(16P = 8 Cr)	(16P = 8 Cr)						
2.	Discipline			Subject-III	Subject-III	32			
	Specific			(4T = 4 Cr)	(4T = 4 Cr)				
	Elective			Subject-IV	Subject-IV				
	(DSE)			(4T = 4 Cr)	(4T = 4 Cr)				
	Course			Subject-V	Subject-V				
				(16P = 8 Cr)	(16P = 8 Cr)				
3.	Value Added		VAC	VAC		04			
	Course		Subject-IV Subject $(4T = 4 \text{ Cr})$ $(4T = 3 \text{ Subject-V})$ Subject $(16P = 8 \text{ Cr})$ $(16P = 3 \text{ Cr})$ $(16P = 3 \text{ Cr})$						
	(VAC)		(from Pool-A)	(from Pool-B)					
Tot	tal Credits	24	26	26	24	100			

Dissertation(s), project work(s), training(s), field work(s), industrial visit(s), etc. (which is/are approved by the concerned Department) may be performed / executed by the students in the government / public / private organization(s), institution(s), industry(ies), firm(s), enterprise(s), etc. for advanced learning and more practical exposures.

Maximum Marks and Credits:

Maximum marks of a theory and practical paper shall be decided on the basis of their contact hours / per week. One teaching hour per week shall equal to one credit and carry 25 maximum marks. Therefore, 4 teaching hours/week having 4 credit points shall carry 100 maximum marks for each theory paper/course. While two contact hours per week for a laboratory or practical work shall be equal to one credit point. Therefore, 16 contact hours / week shall equal to 8 credits and shall carry 200 maximum marks.

Teaching Methodologies:

The classroom teaching would be through conventional lectures or use of OHP or power point presentations (PPT) or any modern ICT tools. The lecture would be such that the student should participate actively in the discussion. Student seminars would be conducted and scientific discussions would also be arranged to improve their communicative skill. In the laboratory, instruction would be given for the experiments followed by demonstration and

finally the students have to do the experiments individually. A special attention would be given to the slow learner students.

Assessment Pattern:

The assessment of the student shall be divided into two parts in which first part is continuous assessment / mid-term assessment / internal assessment (30% weightage of the maximum marks) and second part is semester assessment / end-term assessment / external assessment (70% weightage of the maximum marks).

(i) Continuous / Mid-Term / Internal Assessment:

(a) The continuous or mid-term or internal assessment for each theory paper shall be taken by the faculty members in the Department during each semester. Internal assessment part is further divided in two parts of equal weightage of marks as per the details given below:

Continuous	Modes of Assessn	nents	Mov
Continuous Assessment	Collegiate (Regular) Students	Non-collegiate (Private) Students	Max. Marks
Cont. Assess-I	Written Examination	Report Writing	20
Cont. Assess-II	Seminar / Presentation / Project Report / Quiz / GD / Viva-voce	Viva-voce	10

Note: In the Continuous/Mid-Term/Internal Assessment-I, written examination shall be of one hour duration for each theory paper and shall be taken according to the academic calendar which will be notified by the Department. Time duration for Continuous/Mid-Term/Internal Assessment-II is not allotted. It will be decided by the faculty member which will be taking second internal assessment.

- (b) For practical papers, there will not be continuous or mid-term or internal assessment. There will be only one external or end-term or semester assessment having 100% weightage of maximum marks.
- (c) A student, who remains absent (defaulter) or fails or wants to improve the marks in the continuous or mid-term or internal assessment, may be permitted to appear in the desired paper(s) in same semester and one time only with the permission of the concern Head of the Department. Defaulter/improvement fee of Rupees 250/- per paper shall be taken from such candidates. Duly forwarded application of such student by the Head of the Department, who may permit the such candidates to appear in the continuous or mid-term or internal assessment after production of satisfactory evidence about the reason of his/her absence in the test(s) and deposition of the defaulter/improvement fee, shall be sent to the concerned teacher to take the continuous or mid-term or internal assessment of such candidates. A record of such candidates shall be kept in the Department.
- (d) Regular attendance of the student shall be considered in the internal assessment. Marks (equal to 10% of internal assessment) may be given to the student(s) for regularity who is/are taken classes regularly. If the attendance/regularity factor is similar for all the students, then weightage marks for regularity may be merged in the weightage of second internal assessment (seminar / presentation / assignment / dissertation / quiz / group discussion / viva-voce, etc.).

- (e) Paper wise consolidated marks for each theory paper and dissertation / seminar (*i.e.* total marks obtained during various modes of internal assessment) obtained by the students (out of the 30% weightage of the maximum marks of the each paper) shall be forwarded by the Head of the Department (in two copies) to the Controller of Examinations of the University within a week from the date of last internal assessment test for incorporation in the tabulation register.
- (f) The consolidated marks obtained by the students be also made known to them before being communicated by the concerned Head of the Department to the University for final incorporation in the tabulation register. If any discrepancies are discovered or pointed out by the students, the same shall be looked into by the concerned faculty member and corrections made, wherever necessary. The decision of the Head of the Department before the communication of marks to the University shall be final. No corrections shall be made in the internal assessment marks after the declaration of the result by the University.
- (g) Consolidated marks of internal assessment obtained out of the 30% weightage of maximum marks of each theory paper which will be communicated to the University shall be in whole number and not in fraction. Marks awarded for the various internal assessments in each paper shall be added up and then round off to the next whole number to avoid any fraction.
- (h) All test copies and other material related to the internal assessment shall also be sent to the Controller of Examinations of the University to keep in record as per the University guidelines.
- (i) The concerned Head of the Department shall be responsible for proper conduct of internal assessment tests and for communication of the consolidated marks to the University within the prescribed time.
- (j) The Head of the Department shall keep a record of the marks and also notify the same to the candidates immediately so that if any candidate is not satisfied with the award in any test or seasonal work, he / she should represent the matter to the higher authority.

(ii) End-Term / External / Semester Assessment:

- (a) The semester or end-term or external assessment (70% weightage of the maximum marks) shall be 03 hours duration to each theory paper and twelve hours duration (spread over two days with six hours per day) for each practical paper and shall be taken by the University at the end of each semester.
- (b) The syllabus for each theory paper is divided into five independent units and question paper for each theory (70 Marks) will be divided into two sections as mentioned below:
 - Section-A will carry one compulsory question comprising 10 short answer type questions (answer about in 10-20 words) by taking two questions from each unit with no internal choice. Each short answer type question will have 2 marks and hence Section-A will carry total 20 marks.
 - Section-B will carry 50 marks equally divided into five long answer type questions (answer about in 400-500 words) with one question from each unit with internal choice (another question will be given in option or question may be divided in to sub-divisions). Paper setter shall be advised to set one question from each unit along with one option of each question

and students are instructed to attempt total five questions by selecting one question from each unit. Each long answer type question will have 10 marks and hence Section-B will carry total 50 marks

(c) The syllabus of practical paper is divided according to main streams of chemistry including Inorganic Chemistry, Organic Chemistry, Physical Chemistry, Analytical Chemistry, Environmental Chemistry, Heterocyclic Chemistry, Medicinal Chemistry, Organic Synthesis, etc. as well as according to various types of industries. Marks shall be awarded on the basis of major & minor experiments, viva-voce, practical record, regularity factor, lab skills and maintain cleanness of the workplace.

Question Paper Pattern:

(A) Continuous / Mid-Term / Internal Assessment:

30% weightage of Maximum Marks (30 Marks out of 100 Maximum Marks).

For Collegiate (Regular) Students

(i) Conti	nuous / Mid-Term / Internal Assessment-I:
	(Max. Marks: 20)
	Department of

Department of
University / College:
Address:

First Internal Assessment Test 20... - 20....

(Written Examination)

(ii) Continuous / Mid-Term / Internal Assessment-II: (Max. Marks: 10)				
	or			
Q. No. 4				
	or			
Q. No. 3.				
Q. No. 2	or	05 Marks		
	or			
Q. No. 1		05 Marks		
No. & Name of Paper:	Date of Exam.	:		
Name of Semester :	Duration of Exam.			
Name of Class/Course :	Max. Marks	: 20 Marks		

Address

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Second Internal Assessment Test 20... - 20....

(Seminar / Presentation / Project Report / Quiz / GD / Viva-voce)

Name of Class/Course:	Max. Marks : 10 Marks
Name of Semester :	Mode of Assessment:
No. & Name of Paper:	Date of Assessment:

Format for Compilation of Marks/Awards of Continuous/Mid-Term/Internal Assessment-I & II for Collegiate (Regular) Students

Departn	nent of
Univ	versity / College:
	Address
Name of Class/Cours	e:
Name of Semester	:
No. & Name of Paper	••
Max. Marks	:

S.	Name of	Father's		Marks O	btained	
No.	Student	Name	Internal	Internal	Total	Total
			Assess I	Assess II	Marks	Marks
					(In Figure)	(In
						Words)
1.						

Name & Signature of the Faculty Member

For Non-collegiate (Private) Students

(i) Continuous / Mid-Term / Internal Assessment-I: (Max. Marks: 20)

Report Writing

Each private student of UG program will prepare a report on any topic of each course in minimum 1000 words from the prescribed syllabus of the concerned theory paper/course. The student needs to report the Concerned Department / College at the time prescribed by the College/University to submit the report and the College will arrange a Viva-voce on that report. It is proposed that the engaged teacher will be paid at the rate of per answer book per student charges. The examination section will generate an option of bill when the teacher fills the continuous assessment marks on examination portal (same as for external answer book evaluation). The various components of the report may be:

- Name of Course/Class:
- Name of Student:
- Father's/Husband Name:
- Examination Form No:
- Enrollment No:
- Name of College (Center):
- Name of Paper:

- Title of Topic:
- No. of Unit of Topic (as per prescribed syllabus):
- Introduction about the Topic:
- Details/Analysis about the Topic
- Conclusion of the Topic:
- References:

(ii) Continuous / Mid-Term / Internal Assessment-II: (Max. Marks: 10)

Only Viva-voce will be taken by the concerned faculty member at Department level.

Format for Compilation of Marks/Awards of Continuous/Mid-Term/Internal Assessment-I & II for Non-collegiate (Private) Students

Depart	ment of
Uni	versity / College:
	Address
Name of Class/Cour	se:
Name of Semester	:
No. & Name of Pape	er:
Max. Marks	:

S.	Name of	Father's		Marks Ol	otained	
No.	Student	Name	Internal	Internal	Total	Total
			Assess I	Assess II	Marks	Marks
			(Report	(Viva voce)	(In Figure)	(In
			Writing)			Words)
1.						
2.						
3.						

Name & Signature of the Faculty Member

(B) Semester / End-Term / External / Assessment:

70% weightage of Maximum Marks (70 Marks out of 100 Maximum Marks).

Question Paper Pattern for Semester Examination

[Common for Collegiate (Regular) and Non-collegiate (Private) Students]

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 70

Note: The syllabus is divided into five independent units and question paper will be divided into two sections:

- Section-A will carry one compulsory question comprising 10 short answer type questions (answer about in 10-20 words) by taking two questions from each unit with no internal choice. Each short answer type question will have 2 marks and hence Section-A will carry total 20 marks.
- Section-B will carry 50 marks equally divided into five long answer type questions (answer about in 400-500 words) with one question

from each unit with internal choice (another question will be given in option or question may be divided in to sub-divisions). Paper setter shall be advised to set one question from each unit along with one option of each question and students are instructed to attempt total five questions by selecting one question from each unit. Each long answer type question will have 10 marks and hence Section-B will carry total 50 marks.

Section-A

Q. No. 1	: Comprising 10 Short Answer Type Questions	
	Unit-I	
(i)		02 Marks
(ii)		02 Marks
	Unit-II	
(iii)		02 Marks
(iv)		02 Marks
(2.)	Unit-III	0 = 1,10,1115
(v)	Omt 111	02 Marks
		02 Marks
(vi)	TT *4 TT 7	UZ IVIAIKS
<i>.</i>	Unit-IV	0037.1
(vii)		02 Marks
(viii)		02 Marks
	Unit-V	
(ix)		02 Marks
(\mathbf{x})		02 Marks
()		
	Section-B	
	Unit-I	
O No 2:		10 Marks
Q. No. 2.		10 Iviaiks
	Or	
	TT */ TT	
	Unit-II	1037.1
Q. No. 3:		10 Marks
	Or	
	Unit-III	
O. No. 4:		10 Marks
C	Or	
	<u> </u>	
	Unit-IV	
0 N 5		10 3 (1
Q. No. 5:		10 Marks
	Or	
	Unit-V	
Q. No. 6:		10 Marks
	Or	

Practical / Project Work Examinations:

Continuous / Mid-Term / Internal Assessment:

Not applicable in Practical / Project Examinations.

Practical Work:

Duration of Exam: 12 Hours (6 Hrs. per Day) Maximum Marks: 200

Distribution of Maximum Marks:

S. No.	Name of Exercise	Marks
1.	Exercise No. 1: Major Experiment	30
2.	Exercise No. 2: Major Experiment	30
3.	Exercise No. 3: Major Experiment	30
4.	Exercise No. 4: Minor Experiment	15
5.	Exercise No. 5: Minor Experiment	15
6.	Exercise No. 6: Minor Experiment	15
7.	Practical Record	15
8.	Laboratory Skills, Regularity Practicals, etc.	10
9.	Comprehensive Viva-voce	40
	Total Marks	200

Project Work:

The project work may also be undertaken in place of the practical work in the last semester of the M.Sc. Chemistry programme, if necessary infrastructural facilities as well as faculty members are available in the Department of the University or its affiliated colleges. The project work shall be based on experiments or hands-on-trainings. For this purpose, the students will be allotted to the faculty members to carry out the experiments, hands-on-trainings, *etc.* during the last semester of the M.Sc. Chemistry. A dissertation / project completion report has to be submitted by each student in the given prescribed format along with plagiarism report. The dissertation / project completion report will be evaluated and a comprehensive vivavoce will also be taken by the panel of examiners provided by the University. A presentation will also be made by each student to present the project work briefly at the time of comprehensive viva-voce. Marks/grade will be given to the student by the panel of examiners.

Format for Dissertation / Project Completion Report

•	
Page No	
•••	
•••	
•••	

Format of the Cover Page and Title Page

-----TITLE OF THE DISSERTATION / PROJECT REPORT-----

A Dissertation / Project Report

Submitted in part fulfilment of the requirement for the award of the Degree of

of the University of Kota, Kota

Submitted by (Name and Enrolment Number of Student)

Submitted to (Name of Supervisor / Mentor) (Designation)

(Month, Year)

Format of the Bonafide Certificate

the requirement of the in	ne degree of Master of S to ork carried out by on and guidance and the ard of any degree, diplo	ct report entitled "" submitted in part fulfilment of cience in Chemistry with specialization the University of Kota is a record of at no part of the dissertation has been oma, fellowship or other similar titles or ished in part or full in any scientific or
Date: Place:	Signature (Student)	Signature (Supervisor / Mentor)

Distribution of Maximum Marks of Project Work:

S. No.	Name of Exercise	Marks
1.	Submission of Dissertation / Project Report	100
2.	Presentation of Dissertation / Project Report	50
3.	Comprehensive Viva-voce	50
	Total Marks	200

Minimum Pass Marks and Rules regarding Determination of Results:

Each semester shall be regarded as a unit for working out the result of the candidates. The result of each semester examination shall be worked out separately (even if the candidate has appeared at the paper(s) of the lower semester examination along with the papers of higher semester examination) in accordance with the following conditions:

- (i) A candidate, for a semester examination, shall be offered all the papers prescribed for that semester examination and besides he/she also shall be offered paper(s) not cleared by him/her at any of the lower semester examination subject to the limitation that the number of un-cleared papers of the lower semester examinations shall not be exceed the total number of the papers prescribed for any one semester.
- (ii) The candidate shall be declared to have passed the examination, if the candidate secures at least 40% marks in each theory paper separately in continuous or internal or mid-term examination & semester or external or end-term examination and 50% marks in each practical / project / dissertation / seminar with 50% aggregate marks of the maximum marks prescribed for each semester examination. There are no minimum pass marks for the practical record / notebook. However, submission of a practical record / notebook is a mandatory during the practical examination. The candidate should compulsorily attend viva-voce / presentation examination to secure pass in practical / project / dissertation / seminar.
- (iii) A candidate, who has been declared as failed/absent in one or more theory paper(s) at any odd semester examination shall be permitted to join the courses of study for the next higher semester *i.e.* permitted to join the course of second semester after first semester examination, permitted to join the course of fourth semester after third semester examination, permitted to join the course of sixth semester after fifth semester examination and so on and eligible to re-appear in that paper(s) as due paper(s) along with next higher semester (next year) examination provided that he/she must have cleared at least 50% of the papers (including practical / project / dissertation / seminar as one paper) collectively prescribed for the first and second semester examinations taken together for promotion to the third semester examination.
- (iv) A candidate may be promoted in the next semester (odd semester) if he/she has cleared collectively at least 50% of the papers of both semesters of previous academic session with 50% of the aggregate marks. The candidate who does not fulfill this condition will remain in the same semester as an ex-student and will re-appear in the due papers' examination along with next odd/even semester examinations.
- (v) If any student who is provisionally admitted in higher odd semester but could not secure prescribed minimum marks in previous semesters will be treated as ex-student and his/her admission fee will be carry forwarded to the next odd semester of forthcoming academic session.
- (vi) A candidate declared as failed in that particular paper he/she can re-appear for that paper in the next year examination as a due paper. However, the internal marks shall be carried forward for the total marks of the due examination.
- (vii) A candidate may be given only two additional chances for passing the semester thus maximum tenure for completing the two years' postgraduate course will be limited to four years, for three years postgraduate programme up to five years and so on.

- (viii) If the number of papers prescribed at the first and second or third and fourth semester examination is an odd number, it shall be increased by one for the purpose of reckoning 50% of the papers.
- (ix) A candidate who passes in 50% or more papers of the first and second semester examination, and thereby becomes eligible for admission to the third semester examination, but chooses not to do so and desires to appear in the remaining papers of first and second semester examination only or to re-appear in all the prescribed papers and practical/dissertation/seminar of the M.Sc. first and second semester examination will be permitted to do so on the condition that in the latter case his previous performance will be treated as cancelled.
- (x) If a candidate, who has been promoted to the next semester and wishes to improve his / her performance in the theory paper(s) of previous semester, can be permitted to do so in case of the theory papers only, not in practical / project / dissertation / seminar, belonging to the immediately preceding semester only for one time in these papers in next odd/even semester examinations. In such a case, he/she shall have to appear in these papers along with the papers of his/her own semester.
- (xi) A candidate shall be declared as passed after the result of the fourth semester examination, if he/she cleared all papers of the all the four semesters and secure minimum 40% of the aggregate marks of the maximum marks in theory papers and 50% of the aggregate marks of the maximum marks for practical / dissertation / presentation / seminar prescribed for four semesters Master's programme.
- (xii) In the case of an ex-student, the marks secured by him/her at his/her last examination as a regular candidate shall be taken into account except in cases where a candidate is re-appearing at the examination as a regular student and in that event, he/she shall have to repeat the internal assessment test which will be finally accounted for working out his result.
- (xiii) A candidate who has failed at the M.Sc. third and fourth semester examination but has passed in at least 50% of the papers prescribed for the examination shall be exempted from re-appearing in a subsequent year in the papers in which he/she has passed.
- (xiv) If a candidate clears any paper(s) prescribed at the first and second semester (previous) and/or third and fourth semester (final) examination after a continuous period of three years, then for the purpose of working out his/her division, only the minimum pass marks shall be taken into account in respect of such paper(s) as are cleared after the aforesaid period provided that in case where a candidate requires more than 40% marks in order to reach the requisite minimum aggregate, as many marks out of those secured by him/her will be taken in to account as would enable him/her to make up the deficiency in the requisite minimum aggregate.
- (xv) In case the candidate is not able to clear his/her due paper(s) in the stipulated period as mentioned above (continuous period of three years), he/she may be given last one mercy attempt to clear due paper(s) subjected to approval of the Vice Chancellor or Board of Management.
- (xvi) The grace marks scheme shall be applicable as per the university norms.

Classification of Successful Candidates:

(a) Each student shall be awarded a final letter grade at the end of the semester of the particular course. The letter grades and their corresponding grade points are given as:

Percentage of	Performance	Grade Letter	Grade Point
Marks Obtained			
90.00 - 100.00	Outstanding	O	10
80.00 - 89.99	Excellent	A^+	9
70.00 - 79.99	Very Good	A	8
60.00 - 69.99	Good	\mathbf{B}^{+}	7
50.00 - 59.99	Above Average	В	6
45.00 – 49.99	Average	C	5
40.00 - 45.99	Below Average / Pass	P	4
00.00 - 39.99	Fail	F	0
	Absent	AB	0
	Unfair Means	UM	0
	Withdrawn	W	0

- (b) A candidate who remains absent for any semester examination shall be assigned a letter grade AB along with corresponding grade point zero. He/she will have to reappear for the said examination in due paper/course.
- (c) Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA): Performance of a student in a semester is indicated by a number called 'Semester Grade Point Average' (SGPA). The SGPA is the weighted average of the grade points obtained in all the courses by the student during the semester. For example, if a student takes five papers (theory/practical) in a semester with credits C₁, C₂, C₃, C₄ and C₅ and the student's grade points in these courses are P₁, P₂, P₃, P₄ and P₅ respectively, then students' SGPA is calculated as:

$$SGPA = \frac{C_1P_1 + C_2P_2 + C_3P_3 + C_4P_4 + C_5P_5}{C_1 + C_2 + C_3 + C_4 + C_5} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} C_i P_i}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} C_i}$$

Where:

C_i: Number of credits earned in the ith paper/course of semester for which SGPA is to be calculated.

P_i: Grade point earned in ith paper/course.

The SGPA is calculated, as per example given below, up to two decimal points:

Paper/Course	Credit	Grade	Grade Point	Credit	SGPA
	(C)	Letter	(P)	Point (CP)	
Inorganic Chemistry	4	A	8	$4 \times 8 = 32$	$= \Sigma CP/\Sigma C$
Organic Chemistry	4	B^{+}	7	$4 \times 7 = 28$	
Physical Chemistry	4	A	8	$4 \times 8 = 32$	= 184/24
Maths. for Chemists	4	B^{+}	7	$4 \times 7 = 28$	10 1/2 1
Chemistry Practical	8	A	8	$8 \times 8 = 64$	7 ((
Total	24			184	= 7.66

It should be noted that, the SGPA for any semester shall take into consideration the F and AB grade awarded in that semester. For example, if a student has a F or AB grade in paper/course 4, the SGPA shall then be computed as:

$$SGPA = \frac{C_1P_1 + C_2P_2 + C_3P_3 + C_4 \times ZERO + C_5P_5}{C_1 + C_2 + C_3 + C_4 + C_5}$$

(d) Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA): The CGPA is calculated with the SGPA of all the semesters up to two decimal points and is indicated in final grade report card / final transcript showing the grades of all the semesters and their papers/courses. The CGPA shall reflect the failed status in case of F grade(s), till the paper(s)/course(s) is/are passed. When the paper(s)/course(s) is/are passed by obtaining a pass grade on subsequent examination(s), the CGPA shall only reflect the new grade and not the fail grades earned earlier. The CGPA is calculated as:

$$CGPA = \frac{C_{1}S_{1} + C_{2}S_{2} + C_{3}S_{3} + C_{4}S_{4} + C_{5}S_{5} + C_{6}S_{6}}{C_{1} + C_{2} + C_{3} + C_{4} + C_{5} + C_{6}} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} C_{i} S_{i}}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} C_{i}}$$

Where:

 C_1 , C_2 , C_3 , ... is the total number of credits for I, II, III, Semesters and S_1 , S_2 , S_3 , ... is the SGPA of I, II, III, Semesters.

The CGPA is calculated, as per example given below, up to two decimal points:

Semester	Credit	SGPA	C x SGPA	CGPA
	(C)		(CS)	
Semester-I	24	7.66	$24 \times 7.30 = 183.84$	$= \Sigma CP/\Sigma C$
Semester-II	26	7.69	26 x 7.69 = 199.94	
Semester-III	26	7.23	26 x 7.23 = 187.98	= 760.40/100
Semester-IV	24	7.86	24 x 7.86 = 188.64	
Total	100		760.40	7.60

(e) The classification of successful candidates after last semester examination shall be as under:

Description of Marks Obtained	Division / Result	CGPA
• 75% and above marks in a paper	First Class with	CGPA 7.50 and above
with Distinction	Distinction	
• A candidate who has secured	First Class/Division	CGPA 6.00 to 7.49
aggregate 60% and above marks		
• A candidate who has secured	Second Class/Division	CGPA 5.00 to 5.99
aggregate 50% and above but less		
than 60% marks		
• A candidate who has secured	Pass	CGPA 4.00 to 4.99
aggregate 40% and above but less		
than 50% marks		
• A candidate who has secured	Fail	CGPA below 4.00
aggregate below to the 40%		
marks		

Syllabus

M.Sc. Chemistry First Semester Examination

Paper-1.1: CHE - - - T: Inorganic Chemistry

Contact Hours / Week : 4 Hours Maximum Marks : 100 Marks
Duration of Examination : 3 Hours Continuous Assessment : 30 Marks
Semester Assessment : 70 Marks

Note: The syllabus is divided into five independent units and question paper will be divided into two sections:

- Section-A will carry one compulsory question comprising 10 short answer type questions (answer about in 10-20 words) by taking two questions from each unit with no internal choice. Each short answer type question will have 2 marks and hence Section-A will carry total 20 marks.
- Section-B will carry 50 marks equally divided into five long answer type questions (answer about in 400-500 words) with one question from each unit with internal choice (another question will be given in option or question may be divided in to sub-divisions). Paper setter shall be advised to set one question from each unit along with one option of each question and students are instructed to attempt total five questions by selecting one question from each unit. Each long answer type question will have 10 marks and hence Section-B will carry total 50 marks.

Unit-I: Structure and Bonding in Main Group Compounds:

12-15 L

VSEPR theory and its limitations, Walsh diagrams (tri-atomic molecules), $d\pi$ -p π bonds, Bent rule and energetics of hybridization, general trends in acid-base behaviour of binary oxides.

Unit-II: Metal-Ligand Bonding in Metal Complexes:

12-15 L

Limitations of crystal field theory, molecular orbital theory, octahedral, tetrahedral and square planar complexes, π -bonding, η^2 , η^3 , η^5 , η^6 systems with reference to molecular orbital theory.

Unit-III: Metal-Ligand Equilibriums in Solution:

12-15 L

Stepwise and overall formation constants and their interaction, trends in stepwise constant, factors affecting the stability of metal complexes with reference to the nature of metal ion and ligand, chelate effect and its thermodynamic origin, determination of binary formation constants by *pH* metry and spectrophotometry.

Unit-IV: Symmetry and Group Theory in Chemistry:

12-15 L

Symmetry operations, symmetry elements, definition of group, subgroup, relation between order of a finite group and its subgroup, similarity transformations and classes, molecular point groups and their classification, Schonflies symbols, representations of groups by matrices (representation for the C_{nv}, C_{nh}, D_{nh} groups to be worked out explicitly), characters of a representation, the great orthogonality theorem (without proof) and its importance, properties of character of representation.

Unit-V: Applications of Group Theory in Chemistry:

12-15 L

Introduction of character tables, formation of character tables of C_{2v} & C_{3v} point groups, relationship between reducible and irreducible representations, formation of hybrid orbitals: σ -bonding in H_2O , NH_3 and CH_4 ; symmetry aspects of molecular vibrations of H_2O and NH_3 in IR and Raman spectroscopy.

Books:

- Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, F.A. Cotton and Wilkinson, John Wiley.
- Inorganic Chemistry, J.E. Huhey, Harpes & Row.
- Chemistry of the Elements. N.N. Greenwood and A. Earnshow, Pergamon.

- Concepts and Models of Inorganic Chemistry, third edition, B. Douglas, D. McDaniel and J. Alexander, John Wiley.
- Comprehensive Coordination Chemistry eds., Wilkinson, Gillars and Mc Cleverty, Pergamon.
- Group Theory, Patel & Patel
- Chemical Applications of Group Theory, F. A. Cotton.
- Group Theory and its Application, P. Bhattacharya, Himalaya Publication
- Group Theory and its Application, Ramashanker & S. C. Ameta, Sadguru Publication
- Group Theory and its Application, Ramakrishanan and Swaminathan, Vishal Publication.

Paper-1.2: CHE - - - - T: Organic Chemistry

Contact Hours / Week : 4 Hours Maximum Marks : 100 Marks
Duration of Examination : 3 Hours Continuous Assessment : 30 Marks
Semester Assessment : 70 Marks

Note: The syllabus is divided into five independent units and question paper will be divided into two sections:

- Section-A will carry one compulsory question comprising 10 short answer type questions (answer about in 10-20 words) by taking two questions from each unit with no internal choice. Each short answer type question will have 2 marks and hence Section-A will carry total 20 marks.
- Section-B will carry 50 marks equally divided into five long answer type questions (answer about in 400-500 words) with one question from each unit with internal choice (another question will be given in option or question may be divided in to sub-divisions). Paper setter shall be advised to set one question from each unit along with one option of each question and students are instructed to attempt total five questions by selecting one question from each unit. Each long answer type question will have 10 marks and hence Section-B will carry total 50 marks.

Unit-I: Nature of Bonding in Organic Molecules:

12-15 L

Delocalized chemical bonding: conjugation, cross-conjugation, resonance, hyper-conjugation, bonding in fullerenes, tautomerism; aromaticity in benzenoid and non-benzenoid compounds, alternant and non-alternant hydrocarbons, Hűckel's rule, energy level of π -molecular orbitals, annulenes, anti-aromaticity, homo-aromaticity, PMO approach; bonds weaker than covalent bond: addition compounds (crown ether complexes and cryptands) and inclusion compounds (catenanes and rotaxanes).

Unit-II: Structure and Reactivity:

12-15 L

Thermodynamic and kinetic aspects of reactions, isotope effect, effects of structure on reactivity, resonance and field effects, steric effect, quantitative treatment, The Hammett equation and linear free energy relationship, substituent and reaction constants, Taft equation.

Reaction Mechanism:

Types of reaction mechanism, potential energy diagram, transition states and intermediates, methods of determining mechanisms (product analysis, intermediates analysis, isotope effect, kinetic and stereochemical studies).

Reactions Intermediates:

Generation, structure, stability and reactivity of carbocations, carbanions, free radicals, carbenes, benzynes and nitrenes.

Unit-III: Stereochemistry:

12-15 L

Conformational analysis of cycloalkanes & decalins, effect of conformation on reactivity, conformation of sugars, strain due to unavoidable crowding, elements of symmetry, chirality, molecules with more than one chiral centre, threo and erythro isomers, methods of resolution, optical purity, enantiotopic and diastereotopic atoms, groups and faces, stereospecific and stereoselective synthesis, optical activity in the

absence of chiral carbon (biphenyls, allenes and spirane), chirality due to helical shape, invertomers, asymmetric synthesis, determination of configuration (absolute & relative) and conformation.

Unit-IV Aliphatic Nucleophilic Substitution Reactions:

12-15 L

The S_N2 , S_N1 , mixed S_N1 & S_N2 , S_Ni and SET mechanisms, reactivity effects of substrate structure, attacking nucleophile, leaving group and reaction medium; neighbouring group participation by π - and σ -bonds, classical and non-classical carbocations, phenonium ions, norbornyl systems; rearrangement of epoxides, transannular rearrangement; nucleophilic substitution at vinylic, allylic and aliphatic trigonal carbon; phase transfer catalysis, ambient nucleophiles, regioselectivity.

Aromatic Nucleophilic Substitution Reactions:

S_NAr S_N1, S_NAr S_N2, benzyne and SR_N1 mechanisms, reactivity effects of substrate structure, leaving group and attacking nucleophile, von Richte, Sommelet-Hauser and Smiles rearrangements.

Unit-V: Aliphatic Electrophilic Substitution Reactions:

12-15 L

Bimolecular mechanisms SE2, SE1, SEi mechanism, electrophilic substitution accompanied by double bond shifts, effect of substrates, leaving groups and the solvent polarity on the reactivity.

Aromatic Electrophilic Substitution Reactions:

Arenium ion mechanism, orientation and reactivity in benzene ring, energy profile diagrams, ortho/para ratio, ipso attack, orientation and reactivity in other ring systems, quantitative treatment of reactivity in substrates and electrophiles, diazonium coupling, Vilsmeir-Haack reaction, Reimer-Tieman reaction, Gattermann-Koch reaction, Houben-Hoesch reaction, Fries rearrangement, Bischler-Napieralski reaction.

Books:

- Structure and Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, C.K. Ingold, Cornell University Press.
- Organic Chemistry, Claydon, Nick Greeves and Stuart Warren, Oxford University Press
- Advanced Organic Chemistry: Reactions, Mechanism and Structure, Jerry March, John Wiley.
- Advanced Organic Chemistry, Part A and Part B, F.A. Carey and R.J. Sundberg, Plenum.
- A Guide Book to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Peter Sykes, Longman.
- Organic Chemistry, R. T. Morrison and R. N. Boyd, Prentice-Hall.
- Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, S. M. Mukherjee and S. P. Singh, Macmillan.
- Textbook of Organic Chemistry by P S Kalsi, New Age International
- Organic Reactions, Stereochemistry and Mechanism (Through Solved Problems) by PS Kalsi, New Age
- Stereochemistry of Carbon Compounds, Ernest L. Eliel, Tata McGraw Hill.
- Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds, D. Nasipuri, New Age International.
- Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds, P.S. Kalsi, New Age International.
- Stereochemistry, Conformation and Mechanism by P S Kalsi, New Age International

Paper-1.3: CHE - - - T: Physical Chemistry

Note: The syllabus is divided into five independent units and question paper will be divided into two sections:

- Section-A will carry one compulsory question comprising 10 short answer type questions (answer about in 10-20 words) by taking two questions from each unit with no internal choice. Each short answer type question will have 2 marks and hence Section-A will carry total 20 marks.
- Section-B will carry 50 marks equally divided into five long answer type questions (answer about in 400-500 words) with one question from each unit with internal choice (another question will be given

in option or question may be divided in to sub-divisions). Paper setter shall be advised to set one question from each unit along with one option of each question and students are instructed to attempt total five questions by selecting one question from each unit. Each long answer type question will have 10 marks and hence Section-B will carry total 50 marks.

Unit-I: Quantum Chemistry-I:

12-15 L

Introduction to Exact Quantum Mechanical Results: The Schrodinger equation and the postulates of quantum mechanics.

Approximate Methods: The variation theorem, linear variation principle, perturbation theory (first order and non-degenerate), applications of variation method and perturbation theory to Helium atom.

Unit-II: Quantum Chemistry-II:

12-15 L

Angular Momentum: Ordinary angular momentum, generalized angular momentum, Eigen functions for angular momentum, Eigen values of angular momentum, operator using Ladder operator's addition of angular momentum.

Molecular Orbital Theory: Hűckel theory of conjugated systems bond and charge density calculations, applications to ethylene, butadiene, cyclopropenyl radical cyclobutadiene, introduction to extended Hűckel theory.

Unit-III: Chemical Dynamics:

12-15 **I**

Methods of determining rate laws, collision theory of reaction rates, steric factor, activated complex theory, kinetic salt effects, steady state kinetics, kinetic and thermodynamic control of reactions.

Dynamics of chain reactions (hydrogen-bromine reaction), photochemical reactions (hydrogen-bromine and hydrogen-chlorine reactions), kinetics of enzyme catalysed reactions, general features of fast reactions, study of fast reactions (flow method, relaxation method, flash photolysis), dynamics of unimolecular reactions (Lindemann Hinshelwood and Rice-Ramsperger-Kassel-Marcus).

Unit-IV: Adsorption:

12-15 l

Surface tension, capillary action, pressure difference across curved surface (Laplace equation), vapour pressure of droplets (Kelvin equation), Gibbs adsorption isotherm, estimation of surface area (BET equation), surface films on liquids (Electro-kinetic phenomenon), catalytic activity at surfaces, different isotherms, thermodynamics of adsorption.

Micelles:

Surface active agents, classification of surface-active agents, micellization, hydrophobic interaction, critical micellar concentration (CMC), factors affecting the CMC of surfactants, counter ion binding to micelles, thermodynamics of micellization-phase separation and mass action models, solubilisation, micro emulsion, reverse micelles.

Unit-V: Macromolecules:

12-15 L

Definition & types of polymers, electrically conducting, fire resistant, liquid crystal polymers, kinetics of polymerization, mechanism of polymerization, molecular mass number and mass average molecular mass, molecular mass determination (osmometry, viscometry, diffusion, light scattering and sedimentation methods), chain configuration of macromolecules, calculation of average dimension of various chain structures.

Books:

- Physical Chemistry, P.W. Atkins, ELBS.
- Introduction to Quantum Chemistry, A.K. Chandra, Tata Mc Graw Hill.

- Quantum Chemistry, R. K. Prasad,
- Coulson's Valence, R. Mc Weeny, ELBS.
- Chemical Kinetics. K.J. Laidler, McGraw-Hill.
- Micelles, Theoretical and Applied Aspects, V. Moroi, Plenum.
- Modern Electrochemistry Vol. 1 and Vol II J.O.M. Bockris and A.K.N. Reddy, Planum.
- Introduction to Polymer Science, V.R. Gowarikar, N.V. Vishwanathan and J. Sridhar, Wiley Eastern.
- Advanced Physical Chemistry, Gurdeep Raj, Goel Publication House
- Adsorption and Catalysis, G. Whitmore, Sarup & Sons Publishers.

Paper-1.4: CHE - - - - T(a): Mathematics for Chemists

(Only for those students who have passed B.Sc. without Mathematics subject)

Contact Hours / Week : 4 Hours Maximum Marks : 100 Marks
Duration of Examination : 3 Hours Continuous Assessment : 30 Marks
Semester Assessment : 70 Marks

Note: The syllabus is divided into five independent units and question paper will be divided into two sections:

- Section-A will carry one compulsory question comprising 10 short answer type questions (answer about in 10-20 words) by taking two questions from each unit with no internal choice. Each short answer type question will have 2 marks and hence Section-A will carry total 20 marks.
- Section-B will carry 50 marks equally divided into five long answer type questions (answer about in 400-500 words) with one question from each unit with internal choice (another question will be given in option or question may be divided in to sub-divisions). Paper setter shall be advised to set one question from each unit along with one option of each question and students are instructed to attempt total five questions by selecting one question from each unit. Each long answer type question will have 10 marks and hence Section-B will carry total 50 marks.

Unit-I: Basic Mathematics:

12-15 L

Matrix algebra, determinants, linear equations, basic rules for differentiation, partial differentiations, maxima and minima, basic rules for integration.

Unit-II: Mathematics and Linear Programming Problems:

12-15 L

Basic concept of differential equations, solution of linear differential equation of constant coefficients.

Vectors: definition dot, triple and cross product. Linear programming problems: Formulation, graphical solution.

Unit-III: Basic Operations Research:

12-15 L

Operations research-concept and applications of OR, transportation problem, assignment problems, basic concepts of inventory control.

Unit-IV: Basic Statistics:

12-15 L

Basic concept of statistics, representation of data-histogram, Pie chart, measures of central tendency, deviation, dispersion, skewness and kurtosis, random variables, mathematical expectations. correlation, regression.

Unit-V: Statistical Inference:

12-15 L

Probability theory, probability distribution: discrete (binomial and Poisson), sampling concepts, sampling test for mean, testing of hypothesis-test based on t-distribution (t-test).

Books:

- Mathematical Statistics-Gupta and Kapoor.
- Operations Research-Kanti Swaroop.
- The Chemistry Mathematics Book, E. Steiner, Oxford University Press.
- Mathematics for Chemistry, Doggett and Sucliffe, Longman.
- Mathematical for Physical Chemistry: F. Daniels, Mc Graw Hill.
- Chemical Mathematics D.M. Hirst, Longman.

- Applied Mathematics for Physical Chemistry, J.R. Barrnte, Prentice Hall.
- Basic Mathematics for Chemists, Tebbutt, Wiley.

OR

Paper-1.4: CHE - - - - T(b): Biology for Chemists

(Only for those students who have passed B.Sc. without Biology subject)

Contact Hours / Week : 4 Hours Maximum Marks : 100 Marks
Duration of Examination : 3 Hours Continuous Assessment : 30 Marks
Semester Assessment : 70 Marks

Note: The syllabus is divided into five independent units and question paper will be divided into two sections:

- Section-A will carry one compulsory question comprising 10 short answer type questions (answer about in 10-20 words) by taking two questions from each unit with no internal choice. Each short answer type question will have 2 marks and hence Section-A will carry total 20 marks.
- Section-B will carry 50 marks equally divided into five long answer type questions (answer about in 400-500 words) with one question from each unit with internal choice (another question will be given in option or question may be divided in to sub-divisions). Paper setter shall be advised to set one question from each unit along with one option of each question and students are instructed to attempt total five questions by selecting one question from each unit. Each long answer type question will have 10 marks and hence Section-B will carry total 50 marks.

Unit-I: Cell Structure and Functions:

12-15 L

Structure of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells, intracellular organelles and their functions, comparisons of plant and animal cells, overview of metabolic processes: catabolism and anabolism, origin of life: unique properties of carbon, chemical evolution and rise of living systems.

Unit-II: Carbohydrates:

12-15 I

Monosaccharides: structure, conformation and functions of important derivatives of monosaccharides; structural polysaccharides: cellulose and chitin, storage polysaccharides: starch and glycogen; structure and biological functions of glucosaminoglycans or mucopolysaccharides, glycoproteins and glycolipids, role of sugars in biological recognition.

Unit-III: Lipids: 12-15 L

Fatty acids, structure and function of triacylglycerols, cholesterol, bile acids; lipoproteins: composition and function, role in atherosclerosis; properties of lipid aggregates: micelles, bilayers, liposomes; biological membranes, fluid mosaic model of membrane structure, lipid metabolism: β-oxidation of fatty acids.

Unit-IV: Amino-acids and Proteins:

12-15 L

Amino acid metabolism: degradation and biosynthesis of amino acids; sequence determination: chemical / enzymatic / mass spectral, racemization / detection.

Chemical and enzymatic hydrolysis of proteins, secondary structure of proteins, α -helix, β -sheets, tertiary structure of protein: folding and domain structure, quaternary structure.

Unit-V: Nucleic Acids: 12-15 L

Purine and pyrimidine bases of nucleic acids, structure of ribonucleic acids (RNA) and deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA), double helix model of DNA, chemical and enzymatic hydrolysis of nucleic acids, chemical basis of heredity, an overview of replication, transcription, translation and genetic code.

Books:

• Principles of Biochemistry, A.L. Lehnigher, Worth Publishers.

- Biochemistry, L. Stryer, W.H. Freeman.
- Biochemistry, J. David Rawn, Neil Patterson.
- Biochemistry, Voet and Voet, John Wiley.
- Outlines of Biochemistry E.E. Conn and P.K. Stumpf, John Wiley.

Paper-1.5: CHE - - - - P: Chemistry Practical

Contact Hours / Week : 16 Hours

Duration of Examination: 12 Hours (6 Hrs. per Day) **Maximum Marks:** 200 Marks

Distribution of Marks:

S. No.	Name of Exercise	Marks
1.	Exercise No. 1: Major Experiment	30
2.	Exercise No. 2: Major Experiment	30
3.	Exercise No. 3: Major Experiment	30
4.	Exercise No. 4: Minor Experiment	15
5.	Exercise No. 5: Minor Experiment	15
6.	Exercise No. 6: Minor Experiment	15
7.	Practical Record	15
8.	Good Laboratory Skills and Regularity in Practicals	10
9.	Comprehensive Viva-voce	40
	Total Marks	200

Laboratory Safety, GLP, SOPs and Basic Concepts:

- General instructions for safe working in chemical laboratories.
- Planning of experiments and recording of results.
- Good laboratories practices.
- Sampling and sample preparation.
- Preparation of standard operating procedures (SOPs).
- Hazards in chemical laboratories.
- Apparatus and reaction procedures: Introduction of working with lab ware.
- Solvents and reagents.
- Concept of distillation, crystallization, drying, isolation and purification, determination of physical constants.

Solution Preparation and Standardization:

- Preparation of solutions in terms of molarity, molality, formality, normality, w/w, w/v, v/v, percent, mole ratio, partial pressure and presentation of concentration in g/L, percent, ppt, ppm, ppb.
- Standardization of solutions.

Inorganic Chemistry:

Qualitative Analysis:

Identification of inorganic mixture consisting of eight radicals (cations / anions / less common metal ions):

- Less common metal ions: Ti, Mo, W, Tl, Zr, Th, V, U (two metal ions in cationic / anionic forms)
- Insoluble: Oxides, sulphates and halides
- Interfering anionic radicals

Quantitative Analysis:

Separation and determination of two metal ions Cu-Ag, Cu-Ni, Zn-Cu, Ni-Zn, Cu-Fe, Ca-Fe, Ca-Mg, *etc.* involving volumetric and gravimetric methods

Inorganic Preparation:

Preparation and purification of selected inorganic compounds and their studies by magnetic susceptibility measurements, handling of air and moisture sensitive compounds

- Ferrous ammonium sulphate
- Ferric ammonium sulphate
- Nickel ammonium sulphate
- Bis(acetylacetonato) complexes of Cu, Co, Cr, Mn, and VO
- Prussian Blue, Turnbull's Blue
- \blacksquare [Cr(NH₃)₆]Cl₃
- $[Ni(NH_3)_6]Cl_2$
- $Ni(dmg)_2$
- [Co(NO₂) (NH₃)₅]Cl₃

Note: The products may be characterized by spectral techniques. Other relevant preparations / syntheses may be performed.

Organic Chemistry:

Qualitative Analysis:

Separation, purification and identification of compounds of binary mixture (two solids, one liquid & one solid, two liquids) using TLC, columns chromatography, and chemical tests

Organic Synthesis:

- Aromatic electrophilic substitutions:
 - o Synthesis of m-dinitrobenzene from nitrobenzene
 - Synthesis of *p*-nitroacetanilide and *p*-bromoacetanilide.
- Sandmeyer reaction: p-Chlorotoluene, p-chloronitrobenzene and from piodonitrobenzene.
- Cannizzaro reaction: 4-Chlorobenzaldehyde as substrate.
- Aldol condensation: Dibenzal acetone from benzaldehyde.
- Friedel Crafts reaction: β-Benzoyl propionic acid from succinic anhydride and benzene
- Oxidation: Adipic acid by chromic acid oxidation of cyclohexanol.
- Oxidation: Benzoic acid from toluene.
- Grignard reaction: Synthesis of triphenylmethanol from benzoic acid.
- Grignard reaction: Synthesis of cyclohexyl methanol from cyclohexyl chloride.
- Acetoacetic ester Condensation: Synthesis of ethyl n-butyl acetoacetate by A.E.E. condensation.
- Oxime formation: Synthesis of benzophenone oxime from benzophenone.

Note: The products may be characterized by spectral techniques. Other relevant preparations / syntheses may be performed.

Physical Chemistry:

Distribution Law:

- Distribution coefficient of benzoic acid between toluene and water.
- Distribution coefficient of cinnamic acid between toluene and water
 Distribution coefficient of iodine between CCl₄ and water
- Distribution coefficient of ammonia between chloroform and water.

Chemical Kinetics:

- Determination of the effect of (a) change of temperature (b) change of concentration of reactant and catalyst and (c) ionic strength of the media on the velocity constant of hydrolysis of an ester/ionic reaction.
- Determination of the velocity constant for the oxidation of iodide ions by hydrogen peroxide studying the kinetics as iodine clock reactions.

Conductometry:

- Determination of the amount of HCl conductometrically by using strong base.
- Determination of the amount of NaOH conductometrically by using weak acid.
- Determination of the amount of NH₄OH conductometrically by using strong acid.
- Determination of the amount of CH₃COOH conductometrically by using weak base.
- Determination of the velocity constant, order of the reaction and energy of activation for saponification of ethyl acetate by sodium hydroxide conductometrically.
- To determine equivalent conductance at several concentration and infinite dilution of strong electrolytes and weak acid by using Kohlrausch Law and dissociation constant for weak acid conductometrically.

Adsorption:

- To study surface tension-concentration relationship for solutions (Gibbs equation).
- Determine the CMC of surface-active material by surface tension method.
- Adsorption of acetic acid on charcoal.

Surface tension:

- Determination of surface tension of various liquids by stalagmometric method (drop number / drop weight)
- Determination of percent composition of mixture of liquids by surface tension method
- Determination of parachors of molecules and various groups.
- Determination of surface tension and parachor of liquids using double capillary method.

Viscosity:

- Determination of viscosity of various liquids using viscometer.
- Determination of unknown composition of given liquid mixture by viscosity method.
- Verification of Kendall's relation.
- Verification of Jon Dole's equation.

Polarimetry:

- Measurement specific rotation of sugar (e.g. glucose, fructose, sucrose, etc.)
- Determination of unknown concentration of sugar solution.
- Determination of rate constant for hydrolysis/inversion of sugar using a polarimeter.
- Comparison of strengths of two acids by polarimetric study of kinetics of inversion of cane sugar.
- To determine the percentage of two optically active substances (d-sucrose and d-tartaric acid) in a given solution.

To determine the electron polarization and electron polarizability of a liquid.
 Note: Any other relevant experiments may be added / performed.

Books:

- Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Analysis, J. Bassett, R.C. Denney, G.H. Jeffery and J. Mendham
- Synthesis and Characterization of Inorganic Compounds, W.L. Jolly. Prentice Hall.
- Macro scale and Micro scale Organic Experiments, K.L. Williamson, D.C. Health.
- Systematic Qualitative Organic Analysis, H. Middleton, Edward Arnold.
- Handbook of Organic Analysis: Qualitative and Quantitative. H. Clark, Edward Arnold.
- Vogel's Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry, A.R. Tatchell, John Wiley.
- Experiments and Techniques in Organic Chemistry, D.P. Pasto, Johnson and Miller, Prentice Hall.
- Practical Physical Chemistry, A.M. James and F.E. Prichard, Longman.
- Findley's Practical Physical chemistry, B.P. Levitt, Longman.
- Experimental Physical Chemistry, R.C. Das and B. Behera, Tata McGraw Hill.

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Syllabus

M.Sc. Chemistry Second Semester Examination

Paper-2.1: CHE - - - - T: Inorganic Chemistry

Contact Hours / Week : 4 Hours Maximum Marks : 100 Marks
Duration of Examination : 3 Hours Continuous Assessment : 30 Marks
Semester Assessment : 70 Marks

Note: The syllabus is divided into five independent units and question paper will be divided into two sections:

- Section-A will carry one compulsory question comprising 10 short answer type questions (answer about in 10-20 words) by taking two questions from each unit with no internal choice. Each short answer type question will have 2 marks and hence Section-A will carry total 20 marks.
- Section-B will carry 50 marks equally divided into five long answer type questions (answer about in 400-500 words) with one question from each unit with internal choice (another question will be given in option or question may be divided in to sub-divisions). Paper setter shall be advised to set one question from each unit along with one option of each question and students are instructed to attempt total five questions by selecting one question from each unit. Each long answer type question will have 10 marks and hence Section-B will carry total 50 marks.

Unit-I: Reaction Mechanism of Transition Metal Complexes-I:

Energy profile of a reaction, reactivity of metal complex, inert and labile complexes, kinetic application of valence bond and crystal field theories, kinetics of octahedral substitution, acid hydrolysis, factors affecting acid hydrolysis, base hydrolysis, conjugate base mechanism, direct and indirect evidences in favour of conjugate mechanism, anation reactions, reactions without metal ligand bond cleavage.

Unit-II: Reaction Mechanism of Transition Metal Complexes-II: 12-15 L

Substitution reactions in square planar complexes, the trans effect, mechanism of the substitution reaction, redox reactions, electron transfer reactions, mechanism of one electron transfer reactions, outer sphere type reactions, cross reactions and Marcus-Hush theory, inner sphere type reactions.

Unit-III: Electro. Spectra and Magnetic Prop. of Transition Metal Complexes: 12-15 L

Spectroscopic ground states, correlation (d^2 and d^3 in octahedral and tetrahedral symmetry), Orgel and Tanabe-Sugano diagrams for transition metal complexes (d^1 - d^5 states), calculations of D α , B and β parameters using simplified T-S diagrams, charge transfer spectra, introduction about circular dichroism and optical rotatory dispersion, spectroscopic method of assignment of absolute configuration in optically active metal chelates and their stereochemical information, anomalous magnetic moments, magnetic exchange coupling and spin crossover.

Unit-IV: Metal π -Complexes:

12-15 L

12-15 L

Metal carbonyls of Fe, Co & Ni, structure and bonding, vibrational spectra of metal carbonyls for bonding and structural elucidation, important reactions of metal carbonyls; preparation, bonding structure and important reaction of transition metal nitrosyls, dinitrogen and dioxygen complexes; tertiary phosphine as ligand.

Unit-V: Metal Clusters:

12-15 L

Higher boranes: Wade's rule, styx numbers & structures, carboranes, metalloboranes, metallocarboranes, metal carbonyl and halide clusters, compounds with metal-metal multiple bonds.

Books:

- Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, F.A. Cotton and Wilkinson, John Wiley.
- Inorganic Chemistry, J.E. Huhey, Harpes & Row.
- Chemistry of the Elements. N.N. Greenwood and A. Earnshow, Pergamon.
- Inorganic Electronic Spectroscopy, A.B.P. Lever, Elsevier.
- Magneto-chemistry, R.L. Carlin, Springer Verlag.
- Comprehensive Coordination Chemistry eds., Wilkinson, Gillars and Mc Cleverty, Pergamon.

Paper-2.2: CHE - - - - T: Organic Chemistry

Contact Hours / Week : 4 Hours Maximum Marks : 100 Marks
Duration of Examination : 3 Hours Continuous Assessment : 30 Marks
Semester Assessment : 70 Marks

Note: The syllabus is divided into five independent units and question paper will be divided into two sections:

- Section-A will carry one compulsory question comprising 10 short answer type questions (answer about in 10-20 words) by taking two questions from each unit with no internal choice. Each short answer type question will have 2 marks and hence Section-A will carry total 20 marks.
- Section-B will carry 50 marks equally divided into five long answer type questions (answer about in 400-500 words) with one question from each unit with internal choice (another question will be given in option or question may be divided in to sub-divisions). Paper setter shall be advised to set one question from each unit along with one option of each question and students are instructed to attempt total five questions by selecting one question from each unit. Each long answer type question will have 10 marks and hence Section-B will carry total 50 marks.

Unit-I: Free Radical Reactions:

12-15 L

Types of free radical reactions, free radical substitution mechanisms, neighbouring group assistance, reactivity for aliphatic and aromatic substrates at a bridgehead carbon, reactivity in the attacking radicals, effect of solvents on reactivity, allylic halogenation (NBS), oxidation of aldehydes to carboxylic acids, auto-oxidation, coupling of alkynes and arylation of aromatic compounds by diazonium salts, Sandmeyer reaction, Hunsdiecker reaction, free radical rearrangements.

Elimination Reactions:

E2, E1 and E1cB mechanisms and their spectrum, orientation of the double bond, reactivity effects of substrate structures, attacking base, leaving group and medium; mechanism and orientation in pyrolytic elimination.

Unit-II: Addition to Carbon-Carbon Multiple Bonds:

12-15 L

Mechanistic and stereochemical aspects of addition reactions involving electrophiles, nucleophiles and free radicals, regio-and chemo-selectivity, orientation and reactivity, addition to cyclopropane ring, hydrogenation of double and triple bonds, hydrogenation of aromatic rings, hydroboration, hydroxylation, Michael reaction, Sharpless asymmetric epoxidation.

Addition to Carbon-Hetero Multiple bonds:

Mechanism of metal hydride reduction of saturated and unsaturated carbonyl compounds, acids, esters and nitriles; addition of Grignard reagents, organozinc and organolithium reagents to carbonyl group and unsaturated carbonyl compounds, Wittig reaction, mechanism of condensation reactions: Aldol, Knoevenagel, Claisen, Mannich, Benzoin, Perkin, Stobbe, Dieckmann reactions, Robinson annulations, Reformatsky reaction, hydrolysis of esters and amides, ammonolysis of esters.

Unit-III: Photochemistry-I:

12-15 L

Photochemical reactions, basic principles, types of excitations, energy dissipation, fate of excited molecule, energy transfer, quantum yield, actinometry; photochemistry of alkenes: inter- & intra-molecular reactions of the olefinic bond, addition reactions, cis-trans isomerization, photo-oxidation reactions, cyclisation reactions, photochemistry of 1,3-, 1,4- and 1,5-dienes; photochemistry of aromatic compounds: excited states of benzene, isomerization, dimerization, additions and substitutions, photo-reduction, photo-Fries rearrangement; photochemistry of vision.

Unit-IV: Photochemistry-II:

12-15 L

Photochemistry of carbonyl compounds: photochemical reactions of cyclic and acyclic saturated carbonyl compounds; bond cleavage, photo-reduction, cyclo-addition reactions: dimerization and oxetane formation; photochemical reactions of α,β -unsaturated carbonyl compounds: hydrogen abstraction reactions, photocycloadditions, photodimerization, rearrangements: cyclohexenones and cyclohexadienones; photochemical reactions of β,γ -unsaturated carbonyl compounds: cleavages, rearrangements.

Unit-V: Pericyclic Reactions:

12-15 L

Molecular orbitals and their symmetry, frontier orbitals of ethylene, 1,3-butadiene, 1,3,5-hexatriene and allyl system; molecular orbital symmetry: m-plane and C₂-axis, classification of pericyclic reactions, analysis of reactions: Woodward-Hoffmann correlation diagrams, FMO and PMO approach; electrocyclic reactions: conrotatory and disrotatory motions, 4n, 4n+2 and allyl systems; cycloaddition reactions: antarafacial and suprafacial additions, 4n and 4n+2 systems, 2+2 addition of ketenes, 1,3-dipolar cycloadditions and chelotropic reactions; sigmatropic rearrangements: suprafacial and antarafacial shifts of H atom and carbon moieties, 3,3- and 5,5 sigmatropic rearrangements, Claisen, Cope and aza-Cope rearrangements; Ene reaction.

Books:

- Structure and Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, C.K. Ingold, Cornell University Press.
- Organic Chemistry, Claydon, Nick Greeves and Stuart Warren, Oxford University Press
- Advanced Organic Chemistry: Reactions, Mechanism and Structure, Jerry March, John Wiley.
- Advanced Organic Chemistry, Part A and Part B, F.A. Carey and R.J. Sundberg, Plenum.
- A Guide Book to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Peter Sykes, Longman.
- Organic Chemistry, R. T. Morrison and R. N. Hall, Prentice-Hall.
- Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, S. M. Mukherjee and S. P. Singh, Macmillan.
- Textbook of Organic Chemistry by P S Kalsi, New Age International
- Organic Reactions, Stereochemistry and Mechanism (Through Solved Problems) by P S Kalsi
- Stereochemistry of Carbon Compounds, Ernest L. Eliel, Tata McGraw Hill.
- Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds, D. Nasipuri, New Age International.
- Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds, P.S. Kalsi, New Age International.
- Pericyclic Reactions, S.M. Mukherjee, McMillan, India

Paper-2.3: CHE - - - - T: Physical Chemistry

Contact Hours / Week : 4 Hours Maximum Marks : 100 Marks
Duration of Examination : 3 Hours Continuous Assessment : 30 Marks
Semester Assessment : 70 Marks

Note: The syllabus is divided into five independent units and question paper will be divided into two sections:

■ Section-A will carry one compulsory question comprising 10 short answer type questions (answer about in 10-20 words) by taking two questions from each unit with no internal choice. Each short answer type question will have 2 marks and hence Section-A will carry total 20 marks.

■ Section-B will carry 50 marks equally divided into five long answer type questions (answer about in 400-500 words) with one question from each unit with internal choice (another question will be given in option or question may be divided in to sub-divisions). Paper setter shall be advised to set one question from each unit along with one option of each question and students are instructed to attempt total five questions by selecting one question from each unit. Each long answer type question will have 10 marks and hence Section-B will carry total 50 marks.

Unit-I: Classical Thermodynamics:

12-15 L

Brief resume of concepts of laws of thermodynamics, free energy, chemical potential and entropies, partial molar free energy, partial molar volume and partial molar heat content and their significance, determinations of these quantities, concept of fugacity and determination of fugacity.

Non-ideal Systems:

Activity, activity coefficient, Debye-Hűckel theory for activity coefficient of electrolytic solutions, determination of activity and activity coefficients, ionic strength.

Unit-II: Statistical Thermodynamics:

12-15 L

Concept of distribution, thermodynamic probability and most probable distribution, ensemble averaging, postulates of ensemble averaging, canonical, grand canonical and micro-canonical ensembles, corresponding distribution laws (using Lagrange's method of undetermined multipliers), partition functions-translation, rotational, vibrational and electronic partition functions, and calculation of thermodynamic properties in terms of partition, application of partition functions.

Heat Capacity Behaviour of Solids:

Chemical equilibria, equilibrium constant, Fermi-Dirac statistics, distribution law, applications to metals and helium, Bose-Einstein statistics.

Unit-III: Non-equilibrium Thermodynamics:

12-15 L

Thermodynamic criteria for non-equilibrium states, entropy production and entropy flow, entropy balance equations for different irreversible processes (e.g. heat flow, chemical reaction, etc.), transformations of the generalized fluxes and forces, non-equilibrium stationary states, phenomenological equations, microscopic reversibility and Onsager's reciprocity relations, diffusion, electric conduction, irreversible thermodynamics for biological systems.

Unit-IV: Electrochemistry:

12-15 L

Debye-Huckel-Onsager treatment and its extension, ion-solvent interactions, Debye-Hückel-Jerum mode, thermodynamics of electrified interface equations, derivation of electro-capillarity, Lippmann equations (surface excess), methods of determination, structure of electrified interfaces, Guoy-Chapman, Stern, Bockris, Devanathan models, over potentials, exchange current density, derivation of Butler-Volmer equation, Tafel plot.

Unit-V: Electrical Double Layer at Metal/Semiconductor-Electrolyte Interface: 12-15 L

Thermodynamics of double layer, determination of surface excess charge and other electrical parameters-electrocapillarity, excess charge capacitance, and relative surface excesses, metal/water interaction-contact adsorption, its influence on capacity of interface, complete capacity-potential curve, constant capacity region hump, semiconductor/electrolyte interface, capacity of space- charge, Mott-Schottky plot.

Polarography:

Theory, Ilkovic equation, half wave potential and its significance, introduction to corrosion, homogenous theory, forms of corrosion monitoring and prevention methods.

Books:

- Physical Chemistry, P.W. Atkins, ELBS.
- Introduction to Quantum Chemistry, A.K. Chandra, Tata Mc Graw Hill.
- Quantum Chemistry, Ira N. Levine, Prentice Hall.
- Coulson's Valence, R. Mc Weeny, ELBS.
- Chemical Kinetics. K.J. Laidler, McGraw-Hill.
- Kinetics and Mechanism of Chemical Transformation J. Rajaraman and J. Kuriacose, Mc Millan.
- Micelles, Theoretical and Applied Aspects, V. Moroi, Plenum.
- Modern Electrochemistry Vol. 1 and Vol II J.O.M. Bockris and A.K.N. Reddy, Planum.
- Introduction to Polymer Science, V.R. Gowarikar, N.V. Vishwanathan and J. Sridhar, Wiley Eastern.

Paper-2.4: CHE - - - - T: Computer Applications in Chemistry

Contact Hours / Week : 4 Hours Maximum Marks : 100 Marks
Duration of Examination : 3 Hours Continuous Assessment : 30 Marks
Semester Assessment : 70 Marks

Note: The syllabus is divided into five independent units and question paper will be divided into two sections:

- Section-A will carry one compulsory question comprising 10 short answer type questions (answer about in 10-20 words) by taking two questions from each unit with no internal choice. Each short answer type question will have 2 marks and hence Section-A will carry total 20 marks.
- Section-B will carry 50 marks equally divided into five long answer type questions (answer about in 400-500 words) with one question from each unit with internal choice (another question will be given in option or question may be divided in to sub-divisions). Paper setter shall be advised to set one question from each unit along with one option of each question and students are instructed to attempt total five questions by selecting one question from each unit. Each long answer type question will have 10 marks and hence Section-B will carry total 50 marks.

Unit-I: General Introduction:

12-15 L

Elements of a computer system, block diagram of computer system and function of its components, concept of hardware and software, memory, introduction to operating systems (DOS, Windows).

PC Software:

Word processing: Creating and saving documents, formatting, inserting tables and pictures, mail merge, spread sheets, charts, graphs and use of functions, introduction to presentation packages, graphics and animation.

Unit-II: Report Generation and Presentation:

12-15 L

MS Office: Introduction to Word, Excel and Power Point; MS Word: Documentation and manipulation, saving and printing, incorporation of graphs, tables pictures and chemical structures into the documents; MS Excel: Spread sheets, report generation, cell manipulation, database management, graphical representation of tabulated data, Pi-chart, bar and line graphs, surface and 3D graphs; Power Point: Application of power point for the presentation of reports and slides.

Unit-III: Computing and Languages:

12-15 L

Elements of programming languages, constants and variables, operations and symbol expressions, flow chart, functions and subroutines, graphics, statements, commands, commands for accessing hardware, elements of C language. Windows: Introduction and applications.

Unit-IV: Computer Applications in Chemistry:

12-15 L

Introduction to CAD: A balance approach to computer aided process design, computer interface with instruments and laboratory information system: computers in fault & true analysis, computers in communication, internet: basic concepts, importance in chemical industries.

Unit-V: Computation in Chemistry:

12-15 L

Computation in chemistry such as pressure from Van der Waals equation, pH of solution, kinetics, radioactive decay, lattice energy, determination of order of reaction, Pauling's relation, ionic radii, molecular weight of an organic compound, resonance energy, isoelectric point of amino acids, Lambert-Beer's law, bond lengths, bond angles, linear simultaneous equations to solve secular equations within the Hückel theory.

Books:

- The Big Basic Book of Window 98: Kraynak-PHI.
- Computational Chemistry: A.C. Norris.
- Programming in basic problems solving with the true and style: Stewant M. Venit Jaico.
- Mastering Windows Special edition: Robert Cowart BPB Publications.
- Computer Fundamental Architecture Organisation: B. Ram New Age international.
- Computers in Chemistry: K.V. Raman TMH Pub.
- Fundamentals of Computer: V. Rajaraman (Prentice Hall)
- Computers in Chemistry: K.V. Raman (Tata Mc Graw Hill)
- Computer Programming in FORTRAN IV-V Rajaraman (Prentice Hall).

Paper-2.5: CHE - - - - P: Chemistry Practical

Contact Hours / Week : 16 Hours

Duration of Examination: 12 Hours (6 Hrs. per Day) **Maximum Marks:** 200 Marks

Distribution of Marks:

S. No.	Name of Exercise	Marks
1.	Exercise No. 1: Major Experiment	30
2.	Exercise No. 2: Major Experiment	30
3.	Exercise No. 3: Major Experiment	30
4.	Exercise No. 4: Minor Experiment	15
5.	Exercise No. 5: Minor Experiment	15
6.	Exercise No. 6: Minor Experiment	15
7.	Practical Record	15
8.	Good Laboratory Skills and Regularity in Practicals	10
9.	Comprehensive Viva-voce	40
	Total Marks	200

Inorganic Chemistry:

Quantitative Analysis:

• Determination of overall and stepwise stability constant of metal chelates by polarographic, pH-metric and conductometric techniques.

Inorganic Preparation:

Preparation and purification of selected inorganic compounds and their studies by magnetic susceptibility measurements, handling of air and moisture sensitive compounds

- $[Ti(urea)_6]I_3$
- $[Co(Py)_2Cl_2]$

- trans-K[Cr(ox)₂(H₂O)₂]
- cis-K[Cr(ox)₂(H₂O)₂]
- Cis-[Co(en)₂Cl₂]
- Trans-[Co(en)₂Cl₂]
- $[Co(H_2O)(NH_3)_5]Cl_3$
- [Co(ONO)(NH₃)₅]Cl₂
- $K_3[Fe(C_2O_4)_3]$

Note: The products may be characterized by spectral techniques. Other relevant preparations / syntheses may be performed.

Organic Chemistry:

Quantitative Analysis:

- Estimation of Nitrogen by Kjeldahl's Method.
- Estimation of Sulphur / Halogen by Messinger / Fusion Method.
- Estimation of glucose by titration using Fehling's solution/Benedict solution.
- Estimation of carbonyl group by using 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazine
- Determination of the percentage or number of hydroxyl / amine groups in an organic compound by acetylation method.
- Estimation of amines / phenols using bromate-bromide solution or acetylation method.

Organic Synthesis:

- Nitrobenzene → m-Nitrobenzene → m-Nitroaniline
 Chlorobenzene → 2.4-Dintrochlorobenzene → 2.4-Dinitrophenol
- Aniline \rightarrow 2,4,6-Tribromoaniline \rightarrow 1,3,5-Tribromobenzene
- Aniline \rightarrow Diazoaminobenzene \rightarrow p-Aminoazobenzene
- Phthalic anhydride → Phthalimide → Anthranilic acid
- Phthalic anhydride→ Fluorescein → Eosin
- Phthalic anhydride→ o-Benzoyl benzoic acid → Anthraquinone
- Acetophenone \rightarrow Oxime \rightarrow Acetanilide
- Benzoic acid \rightarrow p-Nitrobenzoic acid \rightarrow p-Aminobenzoic acid

Note: The products may be characterized by spectral techniques. Other relevant preparations / syntheses may be performed.

Physical Chemistry:

Distribution Law:

- Determination of the equilibrium constant of the reaction $KI+I_2 \rightarrow [KI_3]$ and hence the concentration of given KI.
- Determination of equilibrium constant of copper-ammonia complex by partition method or coordination number of Cu²⁺ in copper-ammonia complex.

Transition Temperature:

■ Determination of K_T of salt hydrate, molar mass of solute, mass of salt hydrate and composition of given sample

Thermochemistry:

- Determine the concentration of given strong acid / base solution by measuring heat change during dilution.
- Determine the lattice energy of CaCl₂ from its heat of solution using Born-Haber cycle.
- Thermometric titration of NaOH v/s standard HCl.
- Heat of displacement of copper by zinc.

- Determination of the heat of ionization of acetic acid.
- Determination of partial molar volume of solute (e.g. KCl) and solvent in a binary mixture.
- Determination of the temperature dependence of the solubility of a compound in two solvents having similar intra-molecular in interactions benzoic acid in water and in DMSO-water mixture and calculate the partial molar heat of solution.

Phase Equilibrium:

- To study the effect of impurities (KCl / NaCl / succinic acid) on the miscibility temperature of phenol-water system and hence the determine the concentration of given unknown solution
- Determination of congruent composition and temperature of a binary system (e.g. diphenylamine-benzophenone, naphthalene-biphenyl, naphthalene-benzophenone systems).
- To construct the phase diagram and determination of the composition of unknown mixture for two and three component system (e.g. diphenylamine-benzophenone, naphthalene-biphenyl, naphthalene-m-dinitrobenzene, chloroform-acetic acid-water, benzene-acetic acid-water systems).

Ionic Equilibrium:

- Determination of pKa of an indicator (e.g. methyl red) in (a) aqueous and (b) micellar media.
- Determination of stoichiometry and stability constant of Ferric isothiocyanation complex ion in solution.
- Determination of rate constant of alkaline bleaching of Malachite green and effect of ionic strength on the rate of reaction.
- Determine stability constant of Fe²⁺ complex ion keeping ionic strength constant

Conductometry:

- Study of relationship between ionic conductance and viscosity, measurement of conductivities of electrolytes in mixed solvents.
- Determination of concentration of sulphuric acid, acetic acid and copper sulphate from their mixture by conductometric titration with standard NaOH.
- Determination of hydrolysis constant and degree of hydrolysis of aniline hydrochloride conductometrically.
- Determination of transition temperature of given salt (e.g. CaCl₂) conductometrically.
- Determination of the critical micelle concentration of sodium lauryl sulphate from measurement of conductivities at different concentrations in aqueous solutions.

Potentiometry / pH metry:

- Determination of temperature dependence of EMF of a cell
- Determination of activity and activity constant of electrolytes.
- Determination of the valency of mercurous ions potentiometrically.
- Determination of the EMF of various ZnSO₄ solutions and hence the concentration of unknown ZnSO₄ solution.
- Determination of the pKa value of chloroacetic acid, trichloroacetic acid, orthophosphoric acid by potentiometry / pH metry using standard solution of NaOH.

- Determination of ferrous ammonium sulphate potentiometrically with standard ceric sulphate solution (Direct and back titration).
- Determine the solubility and solubility product of sparingly soluble salts potentiometrically
- Determination of standard electrode potential (Eo) value of Ag / AgI electrode and the solubility product of AgI and PbI2.

Analysis of mixture of carbonate and bicarbonate (percent in ppm range) using a pH meter or suitable indicators.

Spectrophotometry & Colorimetry:

- To verify Lambert-Beer law for KMnO₄ solution & to determine the concentration of given KMnO₄ solution
- Determination of composition of complex by Job's method.
- Study of zirconium-alizarin Red-S complex: Mole-ratio method.
- Determine the pH of solution employing methyl red indicator spectrophotometrically.
- Determination of pKa of an indicator (e.g. methyl red) in (a) aqueous and (b) micellar media.

Polarography:

- To determine half wave potential of a given ion using half height method, differential method and wave equation method
- Identification and estimation of metal ions such as Cu²⁺, Cd²⁺, Pb²⁺, Zn²⁺, and Ni²⁺ etc. polarographically.
- To study the current-potential characteristics of Cd²⁺ ions using DC polarography, sampled DC, cyclic voltammetry and pulse polarographic techniques.
- Study of a metal ligand complex polarographically (using Lingane's Method).
- Determination of (a) Fe and Mo in steel (b) urea and glucose in biological fluids (c) heavy metals in wine samples and petroleum products polarographically.

Refractometry:

- Analysis of sugars by refractometer and polarimeter
- Determination of molar refraction of pure liquids
- Determination of concentration of KCl solution/glycerol solution
- Determination of concentration of KI solution
- Determination of molar refraction of solid KCl
- Determination of solubility of KCl in water
- Study the stoichiometry of potassium iodide-mercuric iodide complex.
- Determination of sugar and its concentration refractometrically.
- To study of quality of fruits, food and food products.
- To study of temperature effect on Brix measurement.
- To study of food and beverages:
 - o Determination of soluble solids in fruit products
 - o Determination of rancidity in edible oils
 - o Determination of moisture in honey and strawberry jam
 - o Determination of total solids, water and fat in milk
 - o Determination of oil in avocado and olives
 - o Determination of fat in chocolate
 - Determination of moisture in meat

- To study of petroleum:
 - o Determination of petroleum content in oil sands
 - o Determination of olefins, aromatics, paraffins
 - o Determination of ethylene glycol in coolants
 - o To study in agriculture field:
 - o Determination of oil content of seeds
 - o Determination of sweet corn maturity
 - Determination of salinity

Note: Any other relevant experiments may be added / performed.

Books:

- Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Analysis, Bassett, R.C. Denney, G.H. Jeffery and J. Mendham, ELBS.
- Synthesis and Characterization of Inorganic Compounds, W.L. Jolly. Prentice Hall.
- Experiments and Techniques in Organic Chemistry, Pasto, C. Johnson and M. Miller, Prentice Hall.
- Systematic Qualitative Organic Analysis, H. Middleton, Adward Arnold.
- Vogel's Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry, A.R. Tatchell, John Wiley.
- Practical Physical Chemistry, A.M. James and F.E. Prichard, Longman.
- Experimental Physical Chemistry, R.C. Das and B. Behera, Tata McGraw Hill.

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Sample Question Paper

Paper-1.2: CHE - - - - T: Organic Chemistry

Duration of Exam: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 70

Note: The syllabus is divided into five independent units and question paper will be divided into two sections:

- Section-A will carry one compulsory question comprising 10 short answer type questions (answer about in 10-20 words) by taking two questions from each unit with no internal choice. Each short answer type question will have 2 marks and hence Section-A will carry total 20 marks.
- Section-B will carry 50 marks equally divided into five long answer type questions (answer about in 400-500 words) with one question from each unit with internal choice (another question will be given in option or question may be divided in to sub-divisions). Paper setter shall be advised to set one question from each unit along with one option of each question and students are instructed to attempt total five questions by selecting one question from each unit. Each long answer type question will have 10 marks and hence Section-B will carry total 50 marks.

SECTION-A

Q. 1.

Unit-I

(i) Write the products of the following reaction:

(ii) Write the products of the following reaction:

Ph CHBr₃/KOH (A) HOH (B)
$$1 + 1 = 2$$

Unit-II

(iii) Write Fischer projection of D-glucose followed by Howarth formula.

1 + 1 = 2

(iv) Write R or S nomenclature for the following compounds:

(i)
$$\begin{array}{c} O \\ (ii) \end{array} \begin{array}{c} O \\ (iii) \end{array} \begin{array}{c} O \\ H_3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} O \\ H_2 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} O \\ H_3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} O \\ H_3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} O \\ O \\ H_3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} O \\ O \\ O \\ O \end{array} \begin{array}{c} O \\ O \\ O \\ O \end{array} \begin{array}{c} O \\ O \\ O \\ O \end{array}$$

 $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 2$

Unit-III

(v) Complete the following reaction:

(vi) Complete the following reaction:

Unit-IV

(vii) Write the products of the following reaction:

(viii) Write the products of the following reaction:

$$(i) C_6 H_5 Li \atop (ii) H^{\dagger}/H_2 O$$

$$(A) \xrightarrow{(i) CH_3 Li} (B)$$

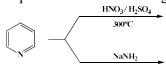
$$(B)$$

$$1 + 1 = 2$$

Unit-V

(ix) Write the products of the following reaction:

(x) Write the products of the following reaction:



1 + 1 = 2

2

SECTION-B

<u>Unit-I</u>

- **Q. 2.** Write note on the following (any two):
 - (i) Resonance
 - (ii) Tautomerism
 - (iii) Conjugation
 - (iv) Aromaticity

5 + 5 = 10

OR

Give an account on formation, stability and chemical reactions of the following:

- (i) Carbocations
- (ii) Carbenes

5 + 5 = 10

Unit-II

Q. 3. Draw the conformational structures of n-butane and mono- & di-substituted cyclohexane.

4 + 6 = 10

OR

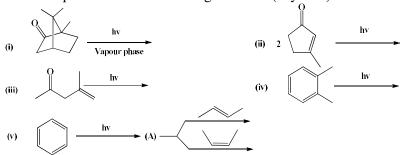
Write note on the following (any two):

- (i) Symmetry elements
- (ii) Chirality
- (iii) Threo & Erythro isomers
- (iv) Enantiomers & Diastereomers

5 + 5 = 10

Unit-III

Q. 4. Write the products of the following reactions (any four):



 $2\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{2} = 10$

OR

Discuss in detail:

- (i) Paterno-Büchi reaction
- (ii) Photochemistry of 1,5-dienes

5 + 5 = 10

Unit-IV

- **Q. 5.** Write note on the following:
 - (i) Metal hydrides in organic synthesis
 - (ii) Phase transfer catalysts

5 + 5 = 10

OR

Write the products of the following reactions (any four):

 $1\frac{1}{4}+1\frac{1}{4}+1\frac{1}{4}+1\frac{1}{4}=5$

Unit-V

- **Q. 6.** Give the plausible mechanisms of the following name reactions:
 - (i) Fischer-indole synthesis
 - (ii) Doebner-Miller synthesis
 - (iii) Bischler-Napieralski synthesis
 - (iv) Skraup synthesis

 $2\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{2} = 10$

OR

Write the products of the following reactions (any two): $\underset{EtMgBr}{\text{MgBr}}$

5 + 5 = 10